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AMS BUDGET 420
NIGHT LEAD BIG FOUR
BY BRACK CURRY

GENEVA, JUNE 12 (AP)—ANDREI A. GROMYKO INSISTED TODAY THAT THE WESTERN POWERS ACCEPT A SUMMIT MEETING EVEN IF THE PRESENT BIG FOUR CONFERENCE FOUNDERS IN A DEADLOCK OVER BERLIN.

THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER WARNED THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE THAT THEY WILL "TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES" IF THEY PUT OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF A SUMMIT MEETING.

GROMYKO THUS OPENLY CHALLENGED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S POSITION THAT A HEADS OF GOVERNMENT CONFERENCE CAN BE HELD ONLY IF THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING PRODUCES POSITIVE RESULTS.

THE RUSSIAN'S MOVE CAME AS THE FOREIGN MINISTERS, AT THE END OF THEIR FIFTH WEEK OF TALKS, SOUGHT TO BREAK OUT OF A MAJOR CRISIS OVER MOSCOW'S PROPOSAL OF A ONE-YEAR DEADLINE FOR WESTERN WITHDRAWAL FROM WEST BERLIN.

IN A THREE-HOUR SESSION AT THE PALACE OF NATIONS TODAY GROMYKO REFUSED TO MODIFY BY ONE WORD THE SOVIET PLAN WHICH THE WESTERN MINISTERS HAVE LABELED AS TOTALLY UNACCEPTABLE, AS AN ULTIMATUM AND AS A MOVE TO WRECK THE GENEVA CONFERENCE.

UNDER PRODDING BY SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE, GROMYKO DENIED THAT THE SOVIET PROPOSAL CONSTITUTES AN ULTIMATUM.

BUT HE KEPT A SOLID POSITION ON MOSCOW'S CAMPAIGN TO FORCE THE WESTERN ALLIES OUT OF SOVIET-ENCIRCLED BERLIN AND ADDED THIS ELEMENTS: "THE SUPPOSED LINK BETWEEN THE PRESENT CONFERENCE AND A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IS ALTOGETHER INVALID."

"A SUMMIT MEETING CANNOT BE APPROACHED FROM A BARGAINING OR HORSE-TRADING POINT OF VIEW. IF THE BIG POWERS REALLY HAVE THE WILL TO SOLVE OUTSTANDING INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS, A SUMMIT MEETING OR A SERIES OF SUMMIT MEETINGS COULD EFFECT A RADICAL BREAK IN THE COLD WAR AND STRENGTHEN PEACE."

"IF THERE IS ANY CONNECTION BETWEEN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AND A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, THIS CONNECTION CAN BE EXPLAINED ONLY IN SUCH A WAY THAT NO OBSTACLES SHOULD BE LAID DOWN ON THE ROAD TOWARD THE CONFERENCE OF THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT."

"SHOULD ANY STATE PUT OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, THAT STATE WOULD TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES."

THIS CHALLENGE TO THE WESTERN-MADE LINK BETWEEN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AND A LATER PARLEY AT THE SUMMIT COULD FORESHADOW COLLAPSE OF THESE CRUCIAL EAST-WEST TALKS.

FOR GROMYKO'S POSITION FITS IN WITH THE SOVIET STRATEGY ENUNCIATED BY PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS VISIT TO HUNGARY LAST WEEK. KHRUSHCHEV SAID HE WILL NOT ABANDON HIS POSITION ON BERLIN AND DECLARED: "IF NO AGREEMENT IS REACHED AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE, AGREEMENT WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BE REACHED AT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE."

THE WESTERN MINISTERS HAVE THREATENED TO BREAK OFF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS UNLESS GROMYKO SOFTENS THE KREMLIN'S NEWEST EFFORT TO BLUFF THE ALLIES OUT OF WEST BERLIN.

BUT HERTER, LLOYD AND COUVE DE MURVILLE, IN WHAT SUGGESTED A SLIGHT WEAKENING ON THE WESTERN SIDE, AGREED TO A SECRET SESSION WITH GROMYKO MONDAY.

THE AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH DELEGATION SPOKESMEN HAD BEEN DECLARING THAT THERE WOULD BE NO MORE SECRET TALKS UNLESS GROMYKO BEAT A DIPLOMATIC RETREAT.

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A U.S. OFFICIAL SAID TONIGHT THE PROSPECTS LOOK VERY DIM FOR CONTINUATION OF THE TALKS IN VIEW OF GROMYKO'S STAND.

"THE SOVIETS NOW WANT TO BLAME ANYONE AS AN ENEMY OF PEACE WHO IS AGAINST HOLDING A SUMMIT CONFERENCE," HE COMMENTED.

ANOTHER WESTERN DIPLOMAT PREDICTED THE CONFERENCE WILL RECESS NEXT WEEK UNTIL ABOUT JULY 10 UNLESS SOME CLEAR CONCESSIONS COME FROM THE RUSSIANS AFTER THE WEEKEND BREAK. HIS OPINION WAS THAT DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTERS WOULD CARRY ON HERE IN THE INTERVAL.

HERTER'S OFFICIAL SPOKESMAN, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE ANDREW H. BERDING, SAID THERE HAS BEEN NO ADVANCE SINCE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE LAST WEEK HE FOUND NO PROGRESS AT GENEVA TO JUSTIFY A SUMMIT PARLEY.

"YOU CAN EVEN SAY THE CONFERENCE HAS GONE BACKWARD," BERDING DECLARED IN BRIEFING NEWSMEN. "IT HAS NOT MOVED IN THE DIRECTION OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE AS FAR AS THE UNITED STATES IS CONCERNED.... HOW THEY (THE MINISTERS) PROCEED WHEN THEY GET BACK INTO PRIVATE SESSION REMAINS TO BE SEEN."

LLOYD SUMMED UP THE WEST'S POSITION WITH A SUGGESTION THAT THE BIG FOUR MINISTERS "FORGET" THE SESSIONS OF TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY--- THE SESSIONS IN WHICH GROMYKO UNVEILED THE DEADLINE PROPOSAL.

"THE WHEEL SEEMS TO HAVE COME FULL CIRCLE AND, AFTER FIVE WEEKS OR SO, WE FIND OURSELVES BACK AT THE BEGINNING," THE BRITON TOLD GROMYKO.

"BUT I STILL BELIEVE THAT IT IS NOT BEYOND THE WIT OF MAN TO DEVISE A FORMULA TO DEAL WITH THIS POINT (WESTERN RIGHTS IN BERLIN) PROVIDED IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT WE, THE WEST, FOR OUR PART CANNOT GIVE UP, WHITTLE DOWN OR DEROGATE FROM OUR RIGHTS OR FROM OUR JURIDICAL POSITION."

AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE ACTING CHIEF OF THE WEST GERMAN ADVISORY DELEGATION, TOLD GROMYKO THAT "THE SOVIET PROPOSALS SO FAR AS WEST GERMANY IS CONCERNED CANNOT BE A BASIS FOR DISCUSSION."

"WE HAVE WEIGHTY GROUNDS FOR SUSPICION," GREWE SAID, "THAT THE SOVIETS WANT TO SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY FOR A NEGATIVE OUTCOME OF THIS CONFERENCE TO THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT."

COUVE DE MURVILLE SAID: "MY FEELING IS ONE OF DISCOURAGEMENT, WEARINESS AND APPREHENSION. I SAID AT OUR LAST MEETING THAT WE FACED A SERIOUS SITUATION. THAT SITUATION TODAY IS NO LESS SERIOUS."

HERTER ASKED GROMYKO TO PUT ON THE RECORD WHAT HE HAD TOLD HERTER IN A CHILLY PRIVATE MEETING YESTERDAY--THAT THE SOVIET PLAN WAS NOT INTENDED AS AN ULTIMATUM TO THE ALLIES.

GROMYKO SPOKE FOR 33 MINUTES.

HE SAID HE HAD INFORMED HERTER THAT IT WAS INCORRECT TO PRESENT THE SOVIET PROPOSALS AS CONTAINING A THREAT OR AN ULTIMATUM.

"OUR PROPOSALS ARE A STATEMENT OF THE ATTITUDE OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WHICH MIGHT BECOME THE BASIS FOR A SOLUTION OF SUCH IMPORTANT QUESTIONS AS BERLIN AND AN ALL-GERMAN COMMITTEE," THE RUSSIAN SAID.

MORE THAN ONCE, HE SAID, THE SOVIET UNION HAS DECLARED THAT IT WOULD NEVER SIGN ANY DOCUMENT WHICH WOULD MEAN "THE PERPETUATION OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN."

WHY, HE ASKED, IS IT IMPROPER FOR THE RUSSIANS TO SET A TIME LIMIT OF ONE YEAR ON THEIR BERLIN PROPOSAL WHEN THE ALLIES SET A TIME LIMIT OF 2 1/2 YEARS ON THEIR MASTER PLAN FOR A GERMAN SETTLEMENT SUBMITTED EARLIER IN THE GENEVA TALKS?

THE WESTERN MINISTERS. IN A DEMONSTRATION OF SUPPORT

FOR BELEAGUERED WEST BERLINGS, SPENT 3 1/2 HOURS IN CONFERENCE WITH WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT. HE WAS GUEST OF HONOR AT A LUNCHEON IN HERTER'S VILLA.

BRANDT LATER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THE MINISTERS GAVE HIM NEW ASSURANCES THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE WILL FULFILL THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROTECTING HIS CITY.

WEST BERLINERS "RETAIN THEIR BASIC FEELINGS OF CONFIDENCE," HE SAID. WITH THE CONFERENCE IN A WEEKEND RECESS, LLOYD AND COUVE DE MURVILLE HEADED HOME FOR CONSULTATIONS. LLOYD WILL MEET PRIVATELY WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN IN LONDON. COUVE DE MURVILLE WILL REPORT TO PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

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THIRD LEAD BIG-FOUR

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

GENEVA, JUNE 12 (AP)—SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO OPENED A DRIVE IN THE BIG FOUR CONFERENCE TODAY TO BREAK THE WESTERN-MADE LINK BETWEEN THE PRESENT MEETING OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AND A LATER SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

GROMYKO'S ATTACK COULD FORESHADOW A FINAL REFUSAL BY THE SOVIET UNION TO YIELD ON ITS WEST BERLIN DEMANDS, EVEN UNDER HEAVY WESTERN PRESSURE.

HE TOLD FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE THAT THEIR INSISTENCE ON A LINK BETWEEN THE PRESENT CONFERENCE AND A SUMMIT PARLEY IS ARTIFICIAL AND "ALTOGETHER INVALID."

IN EFFECT, GROMYKO ARGUED THAT EVEN THOUGH THERE WAS A FAILURE HERE TO EASE THE BERLIN TENSION AND MAKE PROGRESS TOWARD EAST-WEST AGREEMENT, THERE SHOULD BE A SUMMIT MEETING ANYWAY. PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS SAID HE WOULD NOT ATTEND A HEADS OF GOVERNMENT MEETING UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS, AND AT THE MOMENT THAT IS BASIC WESTERN POLICY.

THE WESTERN POWERS DEMANDED THAT MOSCOW STOP THREATENING THEM WITH A SEPARATE EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND GET BACK TO NEGOTIATIONS FOR ENDING THE WEST BERLIN CRISIS.

AT THE OUTSET GROMYKO DISPLAYED READINESS TO SOFTEN THE BITE BUT NOT TO PULL THE TEETH OF THE SOVIET CAMPAIGN TO FORCE U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH GARRISONS OUT OF THE DIVIDED CITY.

HE ASSURED SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND HIS WESTERN COLLEAGUES THAT THE SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR A ONE-YEAR DEADLINE ON THE WESTERN OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN IS NOT AN ULTIMATUM. HE SAID HE CANNOT UNDERSTAND WHAT ALL THE EXCITEMENT IDTA975M HE URGED THE WESTERNERS TO STOP USING THE TERMS ULTIMATUM AND DIKTAT.

BUT HE COUPLED THIS DEFENSIVE PRESENTATION WITH THE FRESH ATTACK. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE ANDREW H. BERDING, BRIEFING NEWSMEN AFTER THE THREE-HOUR MEETING AT THE PALACE OF NATIONS, SAID THE CONFERENCE HAD GONE BACKWARD.

HE SAID GROMYKO'S DISAVOWAL OF INTENTION TO GIVE AN ULTIMATUM MEANT THAT THE IMPLICATION OF A THREAT HAD BEEN REMOVED. THIS, HE SAID, MADE IT POSSIBLE TO HAVE FURTHER MEETINGS, "BUT NOT ON THE BASIS OF THE SOVIET PROPOSAL."

AS TO THE QUESTION OF A SUMMIT MEETING, BERDING SAID NOTHING HAD HAPPENED SINCE EISENHOWER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE NINE DAYS AGO THAT HE FOUND NO PROGRESS AT GENEVA TO JUSTIFY THE MEETING.

"YOU CAN EVEN SAY THE CONFERENCE HAS GONE BACKWARD," BERDING SAID. "SINCE THE SOVIET PROPOSAL OF TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY (THE BERLIN ONE-YEAR DEADLINE PLAN), THERE IS LESS LIKELIHOOD THAN BEFORE."

IT WAS THIS POINT WHICH GAVE EXTRAORDINARY SIGNIFICANCE TO GROMYKO'S ATTACK ON THE LINK BETWEEN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING AND A HEADS OF GOVERNMENT GATHERING.

IN THE MOST EXTENDED DISCUSSION OF THE SUMMIT SUBJECT TO DATE IN THE CONFERENCE, GROMYKO SAID THAT ANY STATE WHICH PUTS ARTIFICIAL OBSTACLES IN THE WAY OF A SUMMIT CONFERENCE "WILL TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES."

HE OPENED HIS ATTACK BY SAYING SOME WESTERN REPRESENTATIVES HAVE BEEN TALKING ABOUT HOW A FAILURE HERE WOULD MEAN NO SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS THAT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE SHOULD NOT BE MADE THE SUBJECT OF BARGAINING," GROMYKO SAID. "IT CONSIDERED AND STILL CONSIDERS A SUMMIT CONFERENCE AS USEFUL. IT CONSIDERS THAT ONE SUCH MEETING OR A NUMBER OF SUCH MEETINGS COULD SUCCESSFULLY MARK A TURNING POINT FOR BETTER INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS."

"AND IF THE WESTERN POWERS DISPLAY THEIR READINESS TO SEEK SOLUTIONS ON OUTSTANDING QUESTIONS SUCH SOLUTIONS CAN BE REACHED."

"IF THERE IS ANY CONNECTION BETWEEN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AND A SUMMIT CONFERENCE THIS CONNECTION CAN BE EXPLAINED ONLY IN SUCH A WAY THAT NO OBSTACLES SHOULD BE LAID DOWN ON THE ROAD TOWARD THE CONFERENCE OF THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT."

"THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE HAS STATED THAT THE SOVIET UNION SEEKS AND IS DESIROUS TO REACH AGREEMENT AT THE PRESENT CONFERENCE--BUT TO PUT ANY ARTIFICIAL OBSTACLE ON THE ROAD TO THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE MEANS TO ASSUME GRAVE RESPONSIBILITY. SHOULD ANY STATE PUT UP SUCH OBSTACLES TO A SUMMIT MEETING, THAT STATE WILL TAKE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES."

THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER SPOKE AT A SEMI-PUBLIC MEETING IN THE PALACE OF NATIONS AFTER U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER CALLED ON HIM TO STATE FOR THE RECORD WHAT HE HAD TOLD HERTER IN A SECRET SESSION YESTERDAY.

HERTER AND HIS WESTERN COLLEAGUES, WHO HAVE DECLARED THE CONFERENCE TO BE ON A DAY-TO-DAY BASIS NOW, CARRIED THEIR ONSLAUGHT AGAINST SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR AN INTERIM BERLIN SETTLEMENT THROUGH THE FINAL THREE-HOUR SESSION OF THE FIFTH WEEK.

THEY HAVE THREATENED TO BREAK OFF NEXT WEEK UNLESS THE RUSSIANS PULL A DIPLOMATIC RETREAT OVER THE WEEKEND.

AGREEMENT WAS REACHED FOR A SECRET SESSION MONDAY.

THIS INDICATED HERTER, SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE HOLD HOPE--HOWEVER SLIGHT--THAT GROMYKO WILL GET ORDERS FROM SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO BACK UP.

AT STAKE ARE THE POSSIBILITY OF PUTTING THE BERLIN CRISIS ON ICE AND THE PROSPECTS FOR HOLDING A SUMMIT CONFERENCE LATER THIS YEAR.

LLOYD TOLD TODAY'S SESSION THAT GROMYKO HAD WRECKED TWO WEEKS OF WORK TUESDAY IN HIS PROPOSAL OF A ONE-YEAR MORATORIUM IN THE BERLIN CRISIS. IT WOULD BE BACKED BY A RUSSIAN THREAT TO MAKE A SEPARATE EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY IF THE YEAR FAILED TO PRODUCE AGREEMENT ON AN ALL-GERMAN PEACE SETTLEMENT AND WEST BERLIN'S FUTURE.

"MR. GROMYKO'S CONTRIBUTIONS ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY," LLOYD SAID, "SEEMED TO ME TO WIPE OUT OR CANCEL ALL THE WORK OF THE LAST 14 DAYS (OF NEGOTIATION OVER BERLIN). I SUGGEST TO HIM AND TO MY OTHER COLLEAGUES THAT WE SHOULD FORGET THOSE TWO DAYS AND GET BACK TO REAL BUSINESS, TO REAL NEGOTIATIONS."

HERTER UNDERScored AN ARGUMENT MADE BY COUVE DE MURVILLE THAT THERE IS IN FACT A DOUBLE ULTIMATUM INVOLVED: FIRST, A SOVIET THREAT TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE WITH EAST GERMANY IF THE PRESENT CONFERENCE FAILS; SECOND, A THREAT TO SIGN SUCH A TREATY A YEAR FROM NOW UNDER THE SOVIET MORATORIUM PLAN.

GROMYKO SHOWED HIMSELF DEFENSIVE IN HIS RESPONSE.

HOWEVER, HE DID NOT APPEAR TO WITHDRAW FROM ANY MAJOR SOVIET POSITION, INCLUDING THE ONE-YEAR DEADLINE. HE REASSERTED HIS GOVERNMENT'S UNWILLINGNESS TO SIGN ANY DOCUMENT "WHICH WOULD MEAN PERPETUATION OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN."

GROMYKO TALKED 33 MINUTES.
IF HE STICKS TO HIS POSITION--AND IF THE RESOLVE OF THE WESTERN POWERS DOES NOT BUCKLE--THE CONFERENCE WILL BREAK UP NEXT WEEK WITHOUT AGREEMENT ON EITHER BERLIN OR A SUMMIT PARLEY.
IN A NEW DEMONSTRATION OF SOLIDARITY IN SUPPORT OF WEST BERLIN, HERTER, LLOYD AND COUVE DE MURVILLE WENT FROM THE MEETING TO A LUNCHEON AT HERTER'S VILLA WITH WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT AS GUEST OF HONOR. WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO ALSO ATTENDED.

THE SOVIET PREMIER BLASTED WESTERN POLICIES ON BERLIN AS "UNREALISTIC AND BANKRUPT" IN A SPEECH AT RIGA, LATVIA, YESTERDAY. BUT HE DID NOT SLAM THE DOOR ON A POSSIBLE CHANGE IN THE RUSSIAN STAND.

SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE WERE REPORTED SLIGHTLY ENCOURAGED AS A RESULT OF THE TWO-HOUR TALK HERTER HELD YESTERDAY WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO. THE WESTERN MINISTERS HAD DENOUNCED THE SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR A ONE-YEAR BREATHING SPELL IN THE BERLIN CRISIS--WITH THE DEADLINE BACKED BY A THREAT TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY--AS AN ULTIMATUM.

BUT AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID THAT GROMYKO HAD TOLD HERTER THAT IT WAS NOT AN ULTIMATUM, INDICATING THE RUSSIANS WOULD NEGOTIATE ON IT.

WITH THIS ASSURANCE, THE WESTERN MINISTERS AGREED TO CONTINUE THE TALKS ON A DAY-TO-DAY BASIS INSTEAD OF BREAKING THEM OFF. HERTER, HOWEVER, ORDERED A PLANE PUT ON A FOUR-HOUR ALERT IN THE UNITED STATES SO IT COULD FLY OVER TO GET HIM QUICKLY IF THE CONFERENCE BROKE UP ABRUPTLY. IT WAS UNDERSTOOD, HOWEVER, THAT HE DOES NOT ANTICIPATE RETURNING TO WASHINGTON UNTIL THE END OF NEXT WEEK.

SOME WESTERN DIPLOMATS SPECULATED THAT THE MINIMUM BERLIN AGREEMENT WHICH NOW SEEMS POSSIBLE--ASSUMING THE RUSSIANS CHANGE THEIR POSITION--WOULD BE THIS:

BOTH SIDES WOULD ADMIT AN INABILITY TO MAKE ANY LONG-RANGE GERMAN OR BERLIN SETTLEMENTS NOW. BUT THEY WOULD AGREE THAT THEIR DIFFERENCES HAVE BEEN NARROWED AND THAT FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS ARE DESIRABLE. THEY WOULD PLEDGE THAT THE BERLIN SITUATION WOULD REMAIN UNCHANGED WHILE THE NEGOTIATIONS ARE CARRIED ON.

THIS WOULD FALL FAR SHORT OF WESTERN DEMANDS FOR AN UNLIMITED SOVIET GUARANTEE OF THEIR OCCUPATION RIGHTS IN BERLIN, INCLUDING FREEDOM TO SUPPLY THEIR GARRISONS. BUT IT WOULD PUT ON THE SHELF INDEFINITELY RUSSIA'S THREAT TO SIGN A PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY, WHICH WOULD GIVE THE SATELLITE COMMUNIST REGIME CONTROL OF THE ALLIED SUPPLY ROUTES TO BERLIN.

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WITH BIG FOUR

GENEVA, JUNE 12 (AP)--SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO DISCLOSED TODAY THAT HE TRIED TUESDAY TO BRING REPRESENTATIVES OF EAST AND WEST GERMANY INTO THE PRIVATE BIG FOUR BARGAINING SESSIONS.

GROMYKO'S BID WAS KNOCKED DOWN BY SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, WHO SAID: "WE HAVE NEVER HAD SUCH A MEETING. I DON'T THINK

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WE SHALL HAVE ANY SUCH MEETING."

THE EXCHANGE OCCURRED IN A PRIVATE TALK OF THE WESTERN MINISTERS WITH GROMYKO AT HERTER'S VILLA.

THE TWO GERMANS ARE REPRESENTED AT THE SEMI-PUBLIC SESSIONS HELD IN THE PALACE OF NATIONS. THEY SIT AT TABLES NEAR THE MAIN BIG FOUR TABLE. THIS ARRANGEMENT CAME FOLLOWING A BITTER DISPUTE ON THE OUTSET OF THE CONFERENCE. GROMYKO WANTED THE GERMANS SEATED AS FULL PARTICIPANTS.

SOVIET PROPAGANDISTS HAVE SINCE TRIED TO GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY HAS IN FACT BEEN RECOGNIZED DIPLOMATICALLY BY THE WESTERN BIG THREE--SOMETHING THEY HAVE NEVER FORMALLY DONE.

THE WEST WELCOMED THE IDEA OF PRIVATE SESSIONS, HELD OUTSIDE THE PALACE, PARTLY BECAUSE THIS SKIRTED THE GERMAN QUESTION. THE BASIC WESTERN ARGUMENT IS THAT THE BIG FOUR HAVE THE PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR SETTLING THE GERMAN QUESTION BECAUSE OF THE ALLIED VICTORY OVER GERMANY IN WORLD WAR II.

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AMS BUDGET (580)
BIG FOUR INTERPRETIVE
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

GENEVA, JUNE 12 (AP)--A WELL PLANNED ALLIED ASSAULT ON RUSSIA'S NEW TIME-LIMIT PLAN FOR A BERLIN ACCORD LOOKED TONIGHT AS THOUGH IT MIGHT PAY OFF.

IF IT DOES--AND THE NEXT FEW DAYS SHOULD TELL--IT WILL HAVE BEEN THE RESULT OF A SHREWD CROSSPLAY OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PRESSURE ON SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO AND THROUGH HIM ON SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV. THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE KNEW THEY WERE TAKING A CALCULATED RISK.

IF THE GAMBLE CAME OFF IT WOULD IMPLY A CHANCE OF GETTING A REASONABLE NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN CRISIS. IF IT FAILED THE ALLIES WOULD HAVE HAD NO CHOICE BUT TO PACK UP AND GO HOME. AND IN SUCH A SITUATION FEW DIPLOMATS HERE WOULD DENY THAT A GENERAL RISING OF EAST-WEST TENSION WOULD FOLLOW.

IN TIME, POSSIBLY TO SAVE THE PEACE OF EUROPE, A SUMMIT MEETING MIGHT HAVE BECOME UNAVOIDABLE UNDER THE WORST POSSIBLE PSYCHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS.

AT THE CENTER OF THE DRAMA ENACTED HERE IN THE PAST THREE DAYS WAS U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER.

THIS IS THE STORY ALLIED OFFICIALS TOLD:

FOREIGN MINISTERS SELWYN LLOYD OF BRITAIN AND MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE OF FRANCE DELEGATED HERTER TO DO SOME PLAIN TALKING TO GROMYKO.

AS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE NATION RUSSIA FEARS MOST, HERTER WAS AUTHORIZED TO SAY THAT NEITHER HE NOR HIS ALLIES WOULD CONSIDER CONTINUING NEGOTIATIONS UNDER THE HAMMER OF GROMYKO'S LATEST ONE-YEAR DEADLINE.

THE DAY BEFORE GOING TO SEE THE RUSSIAN, HERTER GAVE A FOUR-HOUR STANDBY ORDER TO THE CREW OF HIS AIRPLANE IN THE UNITED STATES. THE SECRETARY DID NOT TELL GROMYKO HIS AIRCRAFT WAS IN THE UNITED STATES. BUT HE DID LET DROP THAT THE CREW WAS ON A FOUR-HOUR ALERT.

THIS INTIMATION, PLUS SOME OF THE OTHER THINGS THAT HERTER WITH QUIET FIRMNESS CONVEYED TO THE RUSSIAN, BROUGHT SOMETHING OF A SOFTENING IN GROMYKO'S ATTITUDE.

THE SOVIET DIPLOMAT SOUGHT TO ASSURE HERTER THAT NO ULTIMATUM, THREAT OR DICTAT~~E~~UGHT TO BE READ INTO HIS LATEST SET OF PROPOSALS. THE PROPOSALS THEMSELVES WERE OPEN TO CHANGE AND TO COUNTER-OFFERS.

TODAY GROMYKO REPEATED THESE STATEMENTS IN SEMI-PUBLIC SESSION, MORE OR LESS AT HERTER'S INSISTENCE.

VETERAN ALLIED DIPLOMATS SAID THAT HERTER'S CASUAL MENTION OF HIS PLANE WAS A NEW VERSION OF A CLASSICAL DIPLOMATIC GAMBIT.

THEY COMPARED IT WITH THE OCCASION AT THE 1919 PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE WHEN PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON, TIRING OF THE ENDLESS TALKING, ORDERED HIS SHIP TO STAND BY TO TAKE HIM HOME. THE DISCUSSION BEGAN TO SPEED UP.

NO WESTERNER HERE HAS GONE SO FAR AS TO SUGGEST THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE GIVEN WAY ON ANY ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLE. BUT THESE POSITIVE ASPECTS ARE UNDERLINED:

BY MATCHING THREATS WITH A COUNTER-THREAT, THE ALLIES HAVE FORCED THE SOVIETS PUBLICLY TO DECLARE THE DEADLINE-PLAN WAS NOT OFFERED AS AN ULTIMATUM.

BY HINTING THAT CONCESSIONS COULD BE MATCHED WITH COUNTER-CONCESSIONS, THEY HAVE RESTORED THE CHANCE THAT THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS MAY BE PUT ON ICE FOR A WHILE.

AS SOON AS GROMYKO OFFERED HIS SEMI-PUBLIC ASSURANCE TODAY THAT NO ULTIMATUM WAS INTENDED, THE ALLIED FOREIGN MINISTERS SWIFTLY ARRANGED TO RESUME SECRET TALKS WITH HIM MONDAY.

THE POLITICAL LOGIC BEHIND WESTERN THINKING BOILS DOWN TO THIS:

1. RUSSIA DOES NOT WANT TO RISK WAR OVER BERLIN.
2. RUSSIA DOES NOT WANT TO ASSUME THE ONUS OF IMPLEMENTING THE THREATS IT HAS MADE TO OUST THE ALLIES FROM WEST BERLIN AND TO BLOCK THE ALLIED ACCESS ROUTES TO THE CITY.
3. RUSSIA WANTS A SUMMIT PARLEY IF POSSIBLE WITHOUT HAVING TO PAY ANY SORT OF PRICE FOR IT.

TOGETHER ALL THESE FACTORS HAVE PRODUCED A TEMPERED ALLIED OPTIMISM THAT A LITTLE AGREEMENT MAY YET EMERGE OUT OF THESE TALKS TO JUSTIFY AN EARLY SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

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(360) NIGHT LEAD CONGRESS-GERMANY
WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) SAID TODAY THAT IF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS FOR A BERLIN SETTLEMENT COLLAPSE, SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV MUST BEAR THE BLAME.
MANSFIELD, ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, SAID IT WOULD NOT BE THE FAULT OF SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER.
MANSFIELD DELIVERED A MAJOR FOREIGN POLICY SPEECH IN THE SENATE. HE SAID IT IS UP TO KHRUSHCHEV TO SAVE THE CONFERENCE FROM FAILURE

AND THE WORLD FROM WAR BY ORDERING SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO TO NEGOTIATE ON THE BASIS OF THE WESTERN PROPOSALS AT GENEVA.

MANSFIELD AND SENS. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) AND KENNETH B. KEATING (R-NY) ALL BACKED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S DECISION NOT TO GO TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITH KHRUSHCHEV AND OTHER HEADS OF STATE UNLESS THERE IS A MEASURE OF PROGRESS AT GENEVA.

MANSFIELD SAID THE WESTERN PROPOSALS ARE SIMILAR TO THOSE HE ADVOCATED IN THE SENATE FEB. 12 AND WHICH KHRUSHCHEV DESCRIBED AT THE TIME AS SOBER AND REASONABLE.

IN A DEPARTURE FROM HIS PREPARED ADDRESS, MANSFIELD SAID HE PERSONALLY OPPOSES SUMMIT CONFERENCES, BUT SINCE THE PRESIDENT HAS SAID HE WILL ATTEND ONE IF PROGRESS IS MADE AT GENEVA HE HAS NO CHOICE BUT TO GIVE THAT DECISION FULL SUPPORT.

HE ALSO ADDED A COMMENT THAT HE UNDERSTOOD VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON SAID LAST NIGHT IN SAN FRANCISCO THAT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE SHOULD NOT BE BROKEN OFF.

"I HEARTILY ENDORSE THAT STATEMENT," MANSFIELD ASSERTED.

GORE CHALLENGED KHRUSHCHEV TO DELEGATE TO HIS FOREIGN MINISTER THE SAME AUTHORITY TO NEGOTIATE THAT EISENHOWER HAS GIVEN HERTER.

GORE SAID KHRUSHCHEV REGARDS GROMYKO AS AN UNDERLING AND THAT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES THE U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE DEALING WITH A MAN WITHOUT THEIR PRESTIGE, RANK OR POWER OF DECISION.

MEANWHILE CHAIRMAN J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SUGGESTED IT MIGHT BE HELPFUL IF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS AT GENEVA TOOK A TEN-DAY RECESS TO SEE IF THEY CAN MAKE MORE PROGRESS AFTERWARD.

"IT MIGHT BE WISE TO EXPLORE A BIT," FULBRIGHT TOLD REPORTERS, "TO SEE IF THE RUSSIANS REALLY ARE SERIOUS ABOUT THEIR ULTIMATUM."

EG855PED

A22WX

AMS BUDGET (600)

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR

1959

BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-A WHITE HOUSE-APPOINTED SCIENTIFIC TEAM REPORTED TODAY THAT VIOLATORS OF A BAN ON ATOMIC TESTS COULD MUFFLE UNDERGROUND EXPLOSION SHOTS TO ESCAPE DETECTION.

THE SCIENTISTS CALLED FOR A VIGOROUS RESEARCH PROGRAM. THEY FIGURED THIS COULD PROBABLY IMPROVE DETECTION DEVICES WITHIN THREE YEARS TO THE POINT OF EFFECTIVENESS WHICH TEST BAN NEGOTIATORS IN GENEVA PREVIOUSLY HAD THOUGHT WAS AVAILABLE.

FINDINGS BY THE 14-MAN PANEL HEADED BY DR. LLOYD BERKNER WERE HANDED TO THE RUSSIANS AT GENEVA TODAY AND WERE MADE PUBLIC IN WASHINGTON.

BY POINTING UP THE WIDE RANGE OF STILL UNANSWERABLE QUESTIONS ABOUT UNDERGROUND BLASTS, THE REPORT MAY HAVE A MAJOR IMPACT ON THE SEVEN-MONTHS OLD GENEVA TALKS. SIMILARLY IT COULD AFFECT THE DEBATE IN WASHINGTON OVER WHETHER AMERICA CAN SAFELY JOIN IN A TEST BAN PACT WITH THE SOVIETS.

U.S. OFFICIALS CONNECTED WITH THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS SAID THE NEW SCIENTIFIC CONCLUSIONS DID NOT ALTER AMERICAN POLICY FAVORING AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO HALT NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS.

THE REPORT WAS PRESENTED TO THE RUSSIANS, THEY SAID, AS A PROB TO GET THE REDS TO AGREE TO THE FURTHER DETAILED TALKS ABOUT UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS WASHINGTON NOW SAYS ARE NEEDED. SO FAR THE SOVIETS HAVE CONTENDED THAT FINDINGS OF EXPERTS LAST AUGUST ARE ENOUGH.

THE EXPERTS LAST YEAR FIGURED 180 DETECTING STATIONS WORLDWIDE COULD ACCOUNT FOR ALL EXCEPT 20 TO 100 EARTHQUAKES A YEAR OF FIVE KILOTON (SMALL ATOMIC BLAST) SIZE OR LARGER. AT LEAST SOME OF THESE UNEXPLAINED OCCURRENCES WOULD HAVE TO BE CHECKED AT THEIR LOCATION TO MAKE SURE THEY WEREN'T ILLEGAL NUCLEAR SHOTS, RATHER THAN EARTHQUAKES.

THEN CAME THREE UNDERGROUND TESTS IN NEVADA LAST FALL WHICH UPSET THE EARLIER CALCULATIONS AND LED TO THE STUDY BY THE BERKNER COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCIENCE ADVISER.

DETECTION IS A KEY POINT IN THE GENEVA TALKS. THE AMERICANS CONTEND THERE MUST BE ENOUGH INSPECTION TO MAKE A TEST BAN REASONABLY FOOLPROOF. THE SOVIETS CLAIM THE WEST WANTS TO SEND SPIES INTO RUSSIA ON THE PRETEXT OF SEARCHING FOR SUSPECTED NUCLEAR BLASTS.

THE BERKNER REPORT CARRIED AMMUNITION FOR TWO GROUPS:

1. THOSE WHO, LIKE THE STATE DEPARTMENT WITH EISENHOWER'S BACKING, SAY TEST BAN NEGOTIATIONS MUST BE PUSHED FOR THE SAKE OF MANKIND'S HEALTH AND A START ON DISARMAMENT.

2. THOSE IN THE PENTAGON AND IN SOME OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES WHO SAY U.S. SECURITY WOULD BE GREATLY ENDANGERED BY ANY TEST BAN AGREEMENT WHICH COULD BE REACHED WITH THE SOVIETS.

THE BERKNER PANEL SAID THAT IF ANYONE WANTED TO CHEAT ON THE TEST BAN, TECHNIQUES ARE AVAILABLE TO MUFFLE UNDERGROUND BLASTS.

THIS COULD BE DONE BY "DECOUPLING"--SETTING OFF THE EXPLOSION IN A SPECIALLY DESIGNED HOLE WHOSE SHAPE AND INSULATION WOULD REDUCE SHOCK WAVES. ALSO, OTHER GEOLOGICAL FORMATIONS THAN THOSE STUDIED IN NEVADA PRESUMABLY COULD SOFTEN THE STRENGTH OF THE SIGNAL CAUSED BY A BLAST.

SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SAID HE BELIEVED THE REPORT INDICATES THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EFFECTIVE CONTROL SYSTEM IS POSSIBLE "PROVIDED IT CONTAINS THE RIGHT OF ON-SITE INSPECTION OF SUSPICIOUS EVENTS."

HUMPHREY IS CHAIRMAN OF THE DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH), AS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY SUBCOMMITTEE ON MILITARY APPLICATIONS, COMMENDED THE STATE DEPARTMENT FOR RELEASING THE SUMMARY.

"I HAVE ALWAYS FELT THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE NOT ONLY HAVE THE RIGHT TO KNOW BUT ALSO REQUIRE THIS INFORMATION FOR THEIR CONSIDERATION OF THE PROBLEM OF ENDING NUCLEAR TESTING," JACKSON SAID.

JC335PED

FIRST LEAD NUCLEAR A149

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)--A WHITE HOUSE BOARD OF SCIENTISTS SAID TODAY UNDERGROUND ATOMIC TESTS PROBABLY COULD BE MUFFLED AND CONTINUED INSPECTION WOULD BE NEEDED TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF ANY TESTING BAN.

THE REPORT IMMEDIATELY WAS HANDED TO RUSSIA AT GENEVA WHERE NEGOTIATIONS ON NUCLEAR TESTS BANS ARE UNDER WAY.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ADVISORY BOARD SAID ANOTHER THREE YEARS OF RESEARCH WOULD BE NECESSARY TO DEVELOP EFFECTIVE MEANS OF DETECTING UNDERGROUND ATOMIC BLASTS.

IT BASED ITS FINDINGS ON INFORMATION GAINED FROM UNDERGROUND SHOTS CONDUCTED AT THE U. S. TESTING GROUNDS IN NEVADA. THAT INFORMATION, THE REPORT SAID, SHOWED THAT MUCH RESEARCH IS NECESSARY TO DEVELOP A DETECTION SYSTEM THAT WOULD COME UP TO THE EFFECTIVENESS PREVIOUSLY BELIEVED POSSIBLE.

THE U. S. OFFICIALS SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THE FINDINGS BY THE SCIENTISTS UNDER DR. LLOYD BERKNER DO NOT CHANGE THE AMERICAN POSITION IN FAVOR OF HALTING ATOMIC TESTS IF A CONTROL SYSTEM IS SET UP TO ENFORCE THE BAN.

THEY SAID THE CONTROL SYSTEM BEING NEGOTIATED WITH THE SOVIETS ON THE BASIS OF EARLIER SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION IS BASICALLY SOUND.

THE NEW SCIENTIFIC DATA SHEDS MORE LIGHT ON WHAT IS NEEDED FOR ENFORCEABLE CONTROLS, THEY SAID.

THE BERKNER STUDY WAS GIVEN TO THE SOVIETS AT GENEVA, WHERE TEST BAN TALKS HAVE BEEN GOING ON SINCE OCT. 31. IT WAS HOPED TO SERVED AS A PROD TO THE COMMUNISTS TO REVERSE PREVIOUS REFUSALS TO DISCUSS THE LATER SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM U. S. TEST BLASTS CONDUCTED IN NEVADA LAST FALL.

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THE BERKNER GROUP FIGURED THAT AT THE CURRENT STATE OF KNOWLEDGE, AND WITH USE OF 180 DETECTION STATIONS SET UP AROUND THE WORLD THERE STILL WOULD BE A NEED FOR FURTHER INSPECTION TO MAKE SURE AN ESTIMATED 300 EARTHQUAKES ANNUALLY WERE NOT SNEAK NUCLEAR TESTS.

THIS COMPARES WITH 20 TO 100 UNIDENTIFIED EVENTS THAT GENEVA EXPERTS LAST YEAR FIGURED WOULD OCCUR ANNUALLY. IT COMPARES ALSO WITH THE 1,500 UNIDENTIFIED NAUTRAL EVENTS WITH POWER EQUAL TO FIVE KILOTONS--SMALL ATOMIC--SHOTS, THAT U.S. SCIENTISTS AFTER REVIEWING NEVADA TEST DATA, ESTIMATED WOULD REQUIRE FURTHER INVESTIGATION EACH YEAR.

BERKNER'S PANEL CALLED FOR A VIGOROUS RESEARCH PROGRAM TO LEARN MORE ABOUT THE MANY STILL UNKNOWN FACTORS IN DETECTION OF UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLASTS. IT SUGGESTED A PROGRAM THAT WOULD COST MORE THAN 50 MILLION DOLLARS THE FIRST TWO YEARS.

RIGHT NOW, THE REPORT SAID, THE NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED EVENTS WHICH WOULD NEED CHECKING COULD BE CUT TO 300 A YEAR BY THE USE OF MORE INSTRUMENTS AND BETTER TECHNIQUES AT THE 180 CONTROL STATIONS.

HOW MANY INSPECTIONS WOULD BE NEEDED IN A YEAR IS A KEY POINT BOTH TO THE RUSSIANS--WHO SAY THEY OBJECT TO FOREIGN INSPECTORS ON THEIR SOIL--AND TO THE AMERICANS, WHO SAY ENFORCEMENT IS IMPOSSIBLE WITHOUT INSPECTION.

A SUMMARY OF THE BOARD'S FINDINGS SAID THE PANEL BELIEVED THAT THE PROPOSED RESEARCH PROGRAM WOULD MAKE POSSIBLE IN THREE YEARS DETECTION SYSTEMS AS EFFECTIVE AS THE GENEVA NEGOTIATORS ORIGINALLY BELIEVED THEIR PROPOSED 180 STATION WORLDWIDE NETWORK WOULD BE.

THE U.S. SCIENTISTS ADDED:

"IN CONSIDERING THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE CAPABILITY, NOW OR IN THE FUTURE, OF THE GENEVA SYSTEM MIGHT BE REDUCED BY THE INTERNATIONAL CONCEALMENT OF UNDERGROUND TESTS, THE PANEL CONCLUDED THAT DECOUPLING TECHNIQUES EXISTED WHICH WOULD REDUCE THE SEISMIC (EARTH WAVE) SIGNAL BY A FACTOR OF 10 OR MORE. (THE SEISMIC SIGNAL IS A PRINCIPAL MEANS OF DETECTING UNDERGROUND BLASTS).

"MOREOVER," THE REPORT CONTINUED, "PRELIMINARY THEORETICAL STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT IT IS POSSIBLE IN PRINCIPLE TO REDUCE THE SEISMIC SIGNAL FROM AN EXPLOSION BY A MUCH GREATER FACTOR THAN THIS."

SCIENTISTS EXPLAINED THAT DECOUPLING WOULD BE ONE METHOD OF CONCEALING A SNEAK TEST. DECOUPLING, THEY EXPLAINED, IS A TERM WHICH, ROUGHLY TRANSLATED, MEANS THE MUFFLING OF THE EARTH WAVE CAUSED BY AN ATOMIC BLAST.

ONE WAY TO ACCOMPLISH SUCH DECOUPLING, EXPERTS SAID, WOULD BE TO SET OFF ANY ATOMIC TEST IN AN UNDERGROUND AREA SURROUNDED BY MATERIAL WHICH WOULD DAMPEN THE SHOCK WAVES. THEY EXPLAINED THAT THE EXTENT OF THE SEISMIC SIGNALS FROM ANY TEST WOULD BE DETERMINED BY THE EARTH CONDITIONS OF THE TEST SITE.

THE BERKNER GROUP--KNOWN AS "THE PANEL ON SEISMIC IMPROVEMENT"--IS COMPOSED OF 14 DISTINGUISHED U.S. SCIENTISTS PLUS THREE SPECIAL CONSULTANTS.

IT WAS SET UP BY DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCIENCE ADVISER, AT STATE DEPARTMENT REQUEST WHEN IT BECAME APPARENT FROM LAST FALL'S NEVADA TESTS THAT NEW INFORMATION WOULD HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED BY THE GENEVA NEGOTIATORS.

A SECOND U.S. SCIENTIFIC REPORT ALSO HAS BEEN WRITTEN CONCERNING HIGH ALTITUDE ATOMIC BLASTS.

IN CONTRAST TO THEIR REFUSAL TO RESTUDY UNDERGROUND TEST INFORMATION, THE SOVIETS HAVE SIGNIFIED READINESS TO ENGAGE IN DETAILED STUDIES OF THE HIGH ALTITUDE QUESTION.

THE U.S. REPORT ON THAT IS SLATED FOR PRESENTATION TO THE GENEVA MEETING ABOUT JUNE 22. THE REPORT IS EXPECTED TO BE MADE PUBLIC THEN ALSO.

BERKNER, OF ASSOCIATED UNIVERSITIES, INC., HAS ON HIS PANEL THESE SCIENTISTS IN THE FIELDS OF SEISMOLOGY, GEOPHYSICS, ELECTRONICS, PHYSICS AND MATHEMATICS:

HUGO BENIOFF, CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY; HANS A. BETHE, CORNELL UNIVERSITY; W. MAURICE EWING, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY; JOHN GERRARD, TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC.; DAVID T. GRIGGS, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES;

JACK H. HAMILTON, THE GEOTECHNICAL CORP.; JULIUS P. MOLNAR, SANDIA CORP.; WALTER H. MUNK, SCRIPPS INSTITUTE OF OCEANOGRAPHY; JACK E. OLIVER, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY; FRANK PRESS, CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY;

CARL F. ROMNEY, DEFENSE DEPARTMENT; KENNETH STREET JR., LAWRENCE RADIATION LABORATORY, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AND JOHN W. TUKEY, PRINCETON UNIVERSITY.

SPECIAL CONSULTANTS TO THE PANEL ARE WARREN HECKROTTE, LAWRENCE RADIATION LABORATORY; MONTGOMERY JOHNSON, AERONUTRONIC SYSTEMS INC.; AND ALBERT LATTER, RAND CORP.

LT317PED

A44

(320)

AMS BUDGET
NUCLEAR (WITH WASHINGTON)

BY TOM OCHILTREE

GENEVA, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES INSISTED TODAY THAT THE THREE-POWER NUCLEAR CONFERENCE HERE MAKE A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS TO PREVENT CHEATING ON AN ATOMIC TEST BAN.

U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH INTRODUCED A REPORT PREPARED BY A GROUP OF WHITE HOUSE SCIENTISTS TO THE THREE-POWER CONFERENCE. THE REPORT ALSO WAS MADE PUBLIC IN WASHINGTON.

THE SOVIET UNION PROMISED TO STUDY THIS NEW AMERICAN TECHNICAL INFORMATION BUT DECLINED TO COMMIT ITSELF EITHER FOR OR AGAINST A THREE-POWER STUDY OF THE UNDERGROUND PROBLEM--THE MOST DIFFICULT SUMBLING BLOCK IN THE ATTEMPT TO NEGOTIATE A NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION TREATY.

BRITAIN SUPPORTED THE STUDY IDEA.

THE WHITE HOUSE GROUP, COMPOSED OF 14 AMERICAN SCIENTISTS PLUS THREE SPECIAL CONSULTANTS, WAS HEADED BY DR. LLOYD BERKNER. THIS PANEL ON SEISMIC PROBLEMS SUGGESTED IT IS POSSIBLE FOR ANY

OF THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS TO CIRCUMVENT A TEST BAN BY USING A "DECOUPLING TECHNIQUE."

THIS WOULD INVOLVE MUFFLING AN UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR EXPLOSION TO PREVENT THE SHOCK FROM BEING FULLY TRANSMITTED THROUGH THE EARTH'S STRATA AND THEREBY PRODUCING BLANK OR FAULTY READINGS ON SEISMOGRAPHS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS.

THE U.S. SCIENTISTS DEALT WITH THIS BASIC PROBLEM: THE ADVANCE OF SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE IN THE NUCLEAR FIELD IS PROCEEDING AT A FASTER PACE THAN 7 1/2-MONTH-OLD POLITICAL NEGOTIATIONS FOR A TEST BAN TREATY.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WILL ONLY SIGN A TEST BAN TREATY THAT CAN BE ENFORCED. BOTH POWERS ALSO INSIST THE TREATY AND ITS CONTROL SYSTEM BE LINKED TO THE LATEST AVAILABLE SCIENTIFIC TECHNIQUES.

THE UNDERGROUND PROBLEM HAS RUN THIS COURSE:

1. LAST SUMMER A GROUP OF EASTERN AND WESTERN SCIENTISTS CONCLUDED THAT A SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS WAS TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE AND PROPOSED A NETWORK OF 180 CONTROL POSTS AS PART OF THE BAN'S ENFORCEMENT MACHINERY.

2. SHORTLY BEFORE THE THREE-POWER TREATY NEGOTIATIONS OPENED LAST OCT. 31, THE UNITED STATES CONDUCTED UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS, THE HARDTACK II PROJECT. A FIRST ANALYSIS OF INFORMATION FROM THE PROJECT INDICATED THE DETECTION OF UNDERGROUND BLASTS WAS MUCH MORE DIFFICULT THAN THE EASTERN AND WESTERN SCIENTISTS HAD THOUGHT.

THE SOVIET DELEGATION HAS RESISTED A U.S. ATTEMPT TO GET CONFERENCE CONSIDERATION FOR THE NEVADA DATA.

3. THE BERKNER REPORT DEALS WITH THE NEVADA DATA BUT DRAWS THE HOPEFUL CONCLUSION THAT 180 CONTROL POSTS CAN ENFORCE A TEST BAN IF THE LATEST INSTRUMENTS AND TECHNIQUES ARE USED.

FOR THIS REASON THE BERKNER REPORT MIGHT BE MORE ACCEPTABLE TO THE RUSSIANS FOR STUDY THAN WERE THE FIRST CONCLUSIONS FROM THE NEVADA TESTS.

JOHN A. MCCONE, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, ATTENDED THE 2 1/2-HOUR CONFERENCE SESSION. HE SAID LATER HE HOPED THE SOVIET UNION WOULD ENTER INTO A TECHNICAL STUDY OF THE UNDERGROUND PROBLEM.

MCCONE ADDED HE IS DISAPPOINTED THE TREATY TALKS HAVE DRAGGED ON SO LONG BUT THINKS THERE IS A GOOD CHANCE OF ULTIMATE AGREEMENT. HE LEAVES FOR WASHINGTON TOMORROW.

DURING THE DAY'S NUCLEAR SESSION THE THREE POWERS ARGUED AGAIN ABOUT SETTING UP A SCIENTIFIC STUDY ON ANOTHER UNRESOLVED CONTROL PROBLEM -- POLICING OF HIGH ALTITUDE TESTS. AGAIN THEY FAILED TO AGREE.

THE NUCLEAR CONFERENCE WILL MEET AGAIN MONDAY.

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(350)

NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN AID

BY ERNEST B. VACARRO

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE TODAY PUT OFF A SHOWDOWN VOTE UNTIL MONDAY ON HOW MUCH MILITARY AID FUNDS IT WILL CUT FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S \$3,900,000,000 FOREIGN AID BILL.

CHAIRMAN J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) SAID THERE WAS STRONG SENTIMENT IN THE COMMITTEE IN FAVOR OF EVEN DEEPER SLASHES THAN THOSE MADE BY THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE IN MILITARY ARMS AID AND DEFENSE SUPPORTS.

BUT FULBRIGHT SAID HE PERSONALLY FELT IT MIGHT BE DANGEROUS TO GO BELOW THE FIGURES IN THE BILL ON WHICH THE HOUSE STARTS DEBATE NEXT WEEK.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE CUT EISENHOWER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MILITARY AID--JET PLANES, TANKS, BOMBERS AND OTHER MILITARY HARDWARE--FROM \$1,600,000,000 TO \$1,440,000,000 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

AND IT CUT FROM \$835,000,000 TO \$750,000,000 THE PRESIDENT'S RECOMMENDATION FOR DEFENSE SUPPORT--OR ECONOMIC AID TO DEFENSE PACT ALLIES TO ENABLE THEM TO MAINTAIN LARGER FORCES THAN THEIR OWN ECONOMIES WILL ALLOW.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE--REVISING AN ACTION TAKEN EARLIER IN THE WEEK--ADOPTED AN AMENDMENT DESIGNED TO PUT NEW PRESSURE ON LATIN AMERICA TO SET UP AN INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCE UNDER THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES (OAS).

IT EARMARKED \$31,500,000 OF THE \$96,500,000 THE PRESIDENT ASKED FOR MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO LATIN AMERICA FOR USE TO HELP FINANCE UNITS OF NATIONS JOINING SUCH AN INTERNATIONAL FORCE, WITH THE PROVISIO THAT IF SUCH A FORCE IS NOT SET UP, THE MONEY WILL REVERT TO LATIN AMERICAN ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.

THIS WOULD LEAVE ONLY \$65,000,000 FOR DIRECT MILITARY AID TO INDIVIDUAL NATIONS WITH SPECIFICATION THAT IT COULD BE USED ONLY FOR HEMISPHERIC DEFENSE AND NOT FOR INTERNAL SECURITY.

THE COMMITTEE REJECTED AN AMENDMENT BY SEN. WAYNE MORSE (D-ORE) FLATLY DENYING ANY MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC AND PARAGUAY AS DICTATOR GOVERNMENTS.

IT ALSO REJECTED A PROPOSAL BY SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) TO ABOLISH THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION AS A SEMI-INDEPENDENT AGENCY AND BRING IT COMPLETELY WITHIN THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THE COMMITTEE ALREADY HAS ADOPTED AN AMENDMENT TO REQUIRE THE PRESIDENT TO SUBMIT A SPECIFIC PLAN NEXT YEAR FOR THE PROGRESSIVE REDUCTION AND EVENTUAL ELIMINATION OF ALL GIFTS OR GRANTS OF SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEFENSE SUPPORTS IN FAVOR OF REPAYABLE LOANS IN THE FUTURE.

A24WX BU/LT846PED

AMS BUDGET (650)

NIGHT LEAD MISSILES

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)—U.S. MILITARY PLANNERS HAVE DECIDED TO SHIFT EMPHASIS IN CONTINENTAL DEFENSE FROM ANTIAIRCRAFT TO ANTIMISSILE WEAPONS, THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE WAS TOLD TODAY.

THE NEW MASTER DEFENSE PLAN, AS EXPLAINED TO THE COMMITTEE BY PENTAGON OFFICIALS, PROPOSES STEPPED-UP SPENDING ON THE ARMY'S NIKE-ZEUS PROJECT. THE NIKE-ZEUS, STILL YEARS AWAY FROM PERFECTION, IS INTENDED TO INTERCEPT ONCOMING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.

WHILE BOOSTING THE ANTIMISSILE PROGRAM, THE NEW PLAN MEANS LESS MONEY FOR THE ARMY'S NIKE-HERCULES AND THE AIR FORCE'S BOMARC-- MISSILES CAPABLE OF DOWNING BOMBERS BUT TOO SLOW TO COPE WITH 18,000-MILE-AN-HOUR BALLISTIC MISSILES.

CHAIRMAN RICHARD B. RUSSELL (D-GA), ENDORSING THE CHANGED EMPHASIS, SAID THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT WANTS TO SPEND AN ADDED 157 MILLION DOLLARS ON THE MISSILE-KILLING NIKE-ZEUS. RUSSELL DID NOT SAY JUST WHEN, BUT PRESUMABLY THIS MONEY WOULD BE ALLOCATED SOON.

AS FOR THE HERCULES AND THE BOMARC, RUSSELL SAID THEY WOULD TAKE A REDUCTION OF ABOUT 152 MILLION DOLLARS OVER THE NEXT YEAR, WITH AN EVENTUAL CUTBACK TOTALING ABOUT 1 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS. HE DID NOT SAY OVER WHAT LENGTH OF TIME THE OVER-ALL CUT WOULD BE SPACED.

RUSSELL'S VIEW WAS THAT THE THREAT OF A MISSILE ATTACK BY RUSSIA IS BECOMING GREATER THAN THE DANGER OF AN ASSAULT BY MANNED BOMBERS.

SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO), A SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE IN THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION, DID NOT SHARE RUSSELL'S APPROVAL OF THE NEW AIR DEFENSE BLUEPRINT.

AFTER DAY-LONG QUESTIONING OF DEFENSE OFFICIALS, SEVERAL OTHER COMMITTEE MEMBERS EXPRESSED CRITICISMS. SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) SAID THE PLAN MAKES NO REAL EFFORT "TO DEAL BOLDLY WITH OUR VERY DIFFICULT DEFENSE PROGRAM."

SYMINGTON SAID IT POINTS TOWARD AN "INADEQUATE DEFENSE AT THE EXPENSE OF AN ADEQUATE DEFENSE" AND IS CERTAIN TO RESULT IN WASTE OF BILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

"THE SO-CALLED REVISED CONTINENTAL AIR DEFENSE PROGRAM IS AT BEST BUT A COMPROMISE EFFORT TO SATISFY EACH OF THE QUARRELING SERVICES," SYMINGTON SAID.

THE ARMY AND AIR FORCE HAVE BEEN SQUABBLING OVER THE RELATIVE MERITS OF THE HERCULES AND THE BOMARC. BOTH WEAPONS WERE RETAINED-- BUT BOTH TOOK A CUT--IN THE REVISED DEFENSE PLAN, WHICH CAME AFTER PRODDING FROM CONGRESS AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

ALTHOUGH ONE AIM OF THE PLAN WAS TO QUELL THE INTERSERVICE MISSILE RIVALRY, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY INDICATED SKEPTICISM THAT IT WOULD WORK THAT WAY.

"I DO NOT THINK THAT UTOPIA WILL EVER COME," MCELROY TOLD NEWSMEN DURING A MIDDAY BREAK IN THE SECRET SESSION WITH THE COMMITTEE.

RUSSELL WAS MORE OPTIMISTIC. HE SAID THE PLAN "WELL MAY" HELP TO END BICKERING AMONG THE SERVICES.

THE PLAN WAS BROUGHT TO CAPITOL HILL THREE DAYS AFTER IT WAS REVIEWED AT THE WHITE HOUSE BY SOME OF THE TOP OFFICIALS OF THE ADMINISTRATION, INCLUDING EISENHOWER AND VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON. DETAILS WERE KEPT SECRET UNTIL THE SENATE COMMITTEE COULD BE BRIEFED.

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IN GIVING NEWSMEN A FILL-IN ON THE PLAN, RUSSELL SAID HE AGREED GENERALLY WITH THE PROPOSAL TO INCREASE EMPHASIS ON DEFENSE AGAINST MISSILES.

"IF THE RUSSIANS DECIDE TO ATTACK US I BELIEVE THAT THE FIRST ATTACKS WOULD BE BY MISSILES," RUSSELL SAID. "THEY MIGHT SEND OVER MANNED BOMBERS LATER TO SEE WHAT DAMAGE WAS DONE AND TO KNOCK OUT REMAINING TARGETS."

AT ANOTHER POINT, HE SAID "THERE IS NO REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE STEPPING UP THEIR PRODUCTION OF MANNED BOMBERS BUT THEY ARE STEPPING UP THEIR MISSILES."

WHILE SAYING HE APPROVED THE IDEA OF MIXING THE HERCULES AND BOMARC ANTIAIRCRAFT WEAPONS, THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN SAID "I THINK WE BETTER GET ALONG WITH THE BUSINESS OF KNOCKING DOWN THE MISSILE."

"I DON'T THINK THE SKY IS GOING TO BE DARKENED BY MANNED BOMBERS," RUSSELL SAID.

IN A SEPARATE TALK WITH REPORTERS, MCELROY DIDN'T GO ALL THE WAY WITH RUSSELL'S EVIDENT VIEW ON THE FUTURE OF THE PILOTED BOMBER, SAYING:

"WE SEE A CONTINUING BOMBER THREAT EVEN WHEN THE ENEMY DEVELOPS HIS MISSILE CAPACITY."

THE DEFENSE SECRETARY SAID HE THOUGHT THERE HAD BEEN A MISCONCEPTION ABOUT CHOOSING BETWEEN THE HERCULES AND BOMARC SYSTEMS. HE UNDERSCORED HIS VIEW THAT BOTH WEAPONS ARE NEEDED FOR DEFENSE IN DEPTH.

IN SPELLING OUT THE PROPOSED REDUCTIONS IN THE HERCULES AND BOMARC PROGRAMS, RUSSELL SAID ABOUT 82 MILLION WOULD COME OUT OF PLANNED SPENDING DURING THIS FISCAL YEAR, ENDING ON JUNE 30. HE SAID THE HERCULES WOULD TAKE THE LARGEST PART OF THIS CUT.

IN THE NEW FISCAL YEAR, HE SAID, THE HERCULES AND BOMARC EACH WOULD BE TRIMMED BACK BY ABOUT 35 MILLION DOLLARS.

IN THE EVENTUAL OVER-ALL 1 1/2 BILLION DOLLAR CUT, RUSSELL SAID, "THE BOMARC WILL BEAR THE GREATER PROPORTION--ABOUT 8-5."

ELABORATING ON THIS LATER, JACKSON SAID THE OVER-ALL CUTBACK PROPOSED FOR THE BOMARC PROGRAM WOULD COME TO \$740,300,000 AND \$469,100,000 FOR THE HERCULES PROGRAM.

THE BALANCE OF THE 1 1/2-BILLION-DOLLAR REDUCTION WOULD BE APPLIED TO NUCLEAR WARHEADS, COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND RELATED ITEMS, JACKSON SAID.

THE HERCULES ALREADY IS IN PLACE AT SOME POINTS. ALTHOUGH ITS 85-MILE RANGE IS SHORTER THAN THE BOMARC'S 200-MILE REACH, THE ARMY CLAIMS THE HERCULES IS A PROVED AND MORE ACCURATE WEAPON.

AN ADVANCED MODEL OF THE BOMARC, STILL IN THE DEVELOPMENT STAGE, IS DESIGNED FOR A RANGE OF 400 MILES. THE AIR FORCE ARGUES THE HERCULES COULDN'T BE BROUGHT TO BEAR UNTIL ENEMY PLANES WERE DANGEROUSLY CLOSE TO TARGET AREAS.

JC349PED

A98

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, JUNE 12 (AP)—NIKE HERCULES SPURSONIC MISSILES ARE NOW DEPLOYED AROUND AMERICAN MILITARY BASES IN WEST GERMANY, THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE BASES WERE ALREADY RINGED WITH THE NIKE AJAX BUT NOW THEY HAVE THE ADDITIONAL PROTECTION OF THE HERCULES WITH THEIR CONSIDERABLY GREATER RANGE AND ALTITUDE AND SPEED. THE HERCULES IS CAPABLE OF CARRYING AN ATOMIC WARHEAD.

THE ARMY NOTED THE MISSILES ALSO PROTECT COMMUNITIES IN THE AREA. THIS WAS EVIDENTLY TO ANSWER PROTESTS OFTEN MADE BY GERMAN COMMUNITIES THAT THE ROCKETS MAKE THE CITIES MILITARY TARGETS.

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B85AH Q

EX FOR DENVER (170)
OMAHA, JUNE 12 (AP)-A \$26,994,820 CONTRACT WAS AWARDED TODAY FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A SECOND SET OF TITAN MISSILE LAUNCHING COMPLEXES NEAR DENVER.

THE OMAHA DISTRICT ENGINEER'S OFFICE AWARDED THE CONTRACT TO A COMBINE HEADED BY MORRISON-KNUDSEN CO., WHICH BID OUT OF LOS ANGELES, THE SAME COMBINE WHICH WAS SUCCESSFUL ON THE FIRST TITAN PROJECT AT DENVER.

OTHERS IN THE COMBINE WERE OLSON CONSTRUCTION CO.; DRAKE AND PIPER, PAUL HARDEMAN AND F.E. YOUNG CONSTRUCTION CO.

THE NEW PROJECT, TO BE STARTED AT ONCE CALLS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THREE SEPARATE LAUNCHING SITES, EACH WITH THREE LAUNCHING STATIONS. ONE GUIDANCE FACILITY, ONE UNDERGROUND CONTROL CENTER AND AN UNDERGROUND POWERHOUSE ALSO ARE PART OF THE PROJECT. THE BID WAS ABOUT 1 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT ESTIMATE.

THE SUCCESSFUL BID ON THE EARLIER PROJECT WAS ABOUT 45 MILLION DOLLARS. THAT PROJECT INCLUDED SOME OF THE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED ON THE SECOND GROUP OF COMPLEXES.

FE1058PCXXX ACS NM

A62AX

SECOND NIGHT LEAD
CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., JUNE 12 (AP)-A SMOKE STREAMING POLARIS TEST ROCKET SHOT OVER THE ATLANTIC TEST RANGE TODAY BUT FAILED TO ACHIEVE ALL ITS GOALS.

THE NAVY ISSUED THIS BRIEF STATEMENT SEVERAL HOURS AFTER THE LAUNCHING:

"FROM PRELIMINARY DATA, IT WOULD APPEAR THAT THE TEST OBJECTIVE WERE NOT FULLY MET."

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT ON WHAT WENT WRONG. BUT AN INFORMED SOURCE REPORTED SOME OF THE POLARIS' TELEMETRY SIGNALS WERE LOST 15 SECONDS AFTER THE SOLID FUEL FIRST STAGE BURNED OUT. BURNOUT CAME ABOUT 50 SECONDS AFTER THE LAUNCHING.

THE NATURE OF THE DIFFICULTY WAS NOT LEARNED. NOR WAS IT KNOWN WHETHER THE SECOND STAGE IGNITED ON SCHEDULE AFTER THE FIRST STAGE STOPPED BURNING.

THE 28-FOOT LOCKHEED MISSILE ROARED UP ATOP A BLAZING TAIL OF FLIGHT PLANE AT 1:57 P.M., EST.

THE NAVY ANNOUNCED THE MAIN OBJECTIVES OF THE TEST WERE TO OBTAIN SUCCESSFUL IGNITION AND SEPARATION OF THE TWO STAGES.

THE POLARIS FIZZLED IN FLIGHT ON ITS LAST TEST MAY 18 WHEN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ANNOUNCED THE SECOND STAGE FAILED TO IGNITE. THIS SHOT FOLLOWED TWO HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL FLIGHTS OF THE TWO-STAGE TEST ROCKET. AN EARLIER SINGLE STAGE VERSION LOGGED SEVERAL SUCCESSSES.

THE NAVY HAS SET 1960 AS THE TARGET DATE FOR AN OPERATIONAL POLARIS WHICH CAN BE FIRED FROM A NUCLEAR SUBMARINE.

THE FIRST OF THE NEW SUBMARINES, THE GEORGE WASHINGTON, WAS LAUNCHED LAST TUESDAY AT GROTON, CONN. BY THE TIME THE POLARIS IS OPERATIONAL, THREE OF THE SUBS WILL BE READY TO CARRY IT. CONSTRUCTION OF SIX MORE WILL HAVE BEGUN BY THAT TIME.

TM455PES

A96WX

(120)

GUIDED TORPEDO

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE NAVY HAS BEEN WORKING FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS ON A "GUIDED MISSILE" TORPEDO, IT DISCLOSED TODAY. THE NAVY SAID ITS "ASTOR" MISSILE HAS A RANGE GREATER THAN ANY PRESENTLY OPERATIONAL UNDERWATER WEAPON. THE WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP. PLANT IN BALTIMORE HAS THE 7 1/2 MILLION DOLLAR DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT FOR ASTOR'S GUIDANCE. THIS IS ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH A THIN STRAND OF WIRE THAT FOLLOWS THE TORPEDO

ON ITS UNDERWATER JOURNEY.

THE GERMANS USED THIS WIRE TECHNIQUE IN WORLD WAR II AND LAST YEAR THE NAVY PUT INTO OPERATION ITS OWN WIRE-GUIDED UNDERWATER MISSILE.

THE NAVY DECLINED TO SAY HOW FAR THE NEW TORPEDO WILL TRAVEL. CONVENTIONAL TORPEDOS HAVE RANGES UP TO EIGHT MILES.

THE ASTOR'S PRINCIPAL FEATURE IS ITS ABILITY TO FOLLOW AN ENEMY SUBMARINE AND TO DETONATE CLOSE ENOUGH TO PUT IT OUT OF ACTION.

WE836AED

B45WX Q

(430) AIR FORCE CONTRACTS

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-MOST OF THE PEOPLE WHO REPRESENT THE ARMED SERVICES IN NEGOTIATING MULTIMILLION DOLLAR DEFENSE CONTRACTS HAD NO PURCHASING EXPERIENCE IN PRIVATE BUSINESS, HOUSE INVESTIGATORS WERE TOLD TODAY.

A REPORT TO THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES INVESTIGATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE SAID 64 PER CENT OF THE PROCUREMENT PERSONNEL OF THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT FELL INTO THIS CATEGORY. ONLY 9 PER CENT "HAD WHAT MIGHT BE REGARDED AS ADEQUATE EXPERIENCE, SUFFICIENT TO HAVE ENABLED THEM TO OBTAIN A POSITION IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY COMPARABLE TO THE ONES THEY HELD IN THE MILITARY SERVICES."

HOWEVER, RAYMOND WILCOVE, FORMER SUBCOMMITTEE STAFF MEMBER WHO COMPILED THE REPORT, SAID UNDER QUESTIONING BY THE GROUP THAT MANY OF THE PROCUREMENT OFFICIALS DID HAVE CONSIDERABLE EXPERIENCE ACQUIRED AFTER JOINING THE GOVERNMENT SERVICE.

WILCOVE SAID 75 PER CENT OF THE "ADMINISTRATIVE-POLICY POSITIONS" IN MILITARY BUYING WERE FILLED BY UNIFORMED OFFICERS.

"MANY OF THEM HAVE MADE A CAREER OF MILITARY SERVICE AND THEREFORE HAVE HELD FEW, IF ANY, POSITIONS IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY," HE SAID. HE ESTIMATED THAT ONLY 4 PER CENT OF THE ADMINISTRATORS HAD "A BACKGROUND OF PRIVATE BUSINESS PROCUREMENT THAT COULD BE CONSIDERED ADEQUATE."

THE GREAT MAJORITY OF PERSONS CONDUCTING THE ACTUAL NEGOTIATIONS, WILCOVE REPORTED, WERE IN CIVIL SERVICE GRADES PAYING LESS THAN \$10,000 A YEAR.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE INCLUDED THE REPORT IN THE RECORD OF ITS CURRENT INVESTIGATION OF ARMED SERVICES BUYING, WHICH HAS ALREADY BROUGHT TESTIMONY FROM THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE THAT MORE THAN 17 MILLION DOLLARS IN EXCESSIVE COSTS ON CONTRACTS WENT UNDETECTED BY THE AIR FORCE.

REP. LEON H. GAVIN (R-PA) SAID THE REPORT SHOWS "THE SERVICES HAVEN'T GOT PEOPLE QUALIFIED TO MEET THE PROBLEMS THAT ARISE DAILY."

ASST. AIR FORCE SECRETARY PHILIP B. TAYLOR TOLD GAVIN A REINVESTIGATION SHOWED NO EVIDENCE THAT AIR FORCE PERSONNEL HAD A HAND IN PREPARING AN ADVERTISEMENT BY THE BOEING AIRPLANE CO., MANUFACTURER OF THE BOMARC MISSILE.

THE ADVERTISEMENT, EMPHASIZING THE 3,600 SUBCONTRACTORS WORKING NATIONWIDE ON THE AIR FORCE MISSILES, APPEARED IN THE WASHINGTON POST MAY 27 IN THE MIDST OF A MOUNTING RIVALRY BETWEEN THE BOMARC AND THE ARMY'S NIKE-HERCULES.

GAVIN CALLED IT "A STUPID PIECE OF BUSINESS" THAT RAISED THE QUESTION "WHETHER THIS IS A BIT OF PROPAGANDA TO INFLUENCE THE PEOPLE AND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS."

TAYLOR READ INTO THE RECORD A LETTER FROM BOEING SAYING THE ADVERTISEMENT WAS PART OF A SERIES OF FOUR, COSTING \$25,000, WHICH BOEING HAD DECIDED TO PLACE BECAUSE OF "ERRONEOUS INFORMATION CIRCULATED BY PARTISAN SOURCES."

THE LETTER SAID WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., WHICH IS AN IMPORTANT CONTRACTOR ON THE NIKE-HERCULES, RAN SIMILAR ADVERTISING A WEEK EARLIER.

THE BOEING LETTER SAID ITS SERIES OF ADVERTISEMENTS WAS PLANNED LAST YEAR AND THAT THE PARTICULAR ADVERTISEMENT WAS DELAYED BECAUSE THE COMPANY DID NOT WANT IT TO APPEAR AT THE TIME THAT ONE OF ITS EXECUTIVES WAS TESTIFYING BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

TAYLOR ALSO SAID HE HAS RECHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT THE COST OF THE ADVERTISING WAS NOT IN ANY WAY CHARGED TO A GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
ER629PED

A130WA

RETIREES (150)
WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-HOUSE INVESTIGATORS ARE TRYING TO GET EVERY HIGH RANKING RETIRED MILITARY OFFICER NOW WORKING FOR A DEFENSE CONTRACTOR TO REPORT IN WRITING ON HIS DUTIES AND ACTIVITIES. THEY ARE SEEKING SIMILAR, THOUGH NOT IDENTICAL, REPORTS FROM FORMER CIVILIAN OFFICIALS NOW IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY THAT DOES BUSINESS WITH THE SERVICES.

THE REPLIES WILL PROVIDE THE STARTING POINT FOR HEARINGS TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED TO BEGIN JULY 6 ON ANY POSSIBLE UNDUE INFLUENCE IN BEHALF OF ANY PARTICULAR MISSILES OR OTHER PRODUCTS.

THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES INVESTIGATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE IS NOW COMPLETING ITS POLL OF SOME 85 DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.

COMMITTEE SOURCES SAID, HOWEVER, THE GROUP DOES NOT EXPECT ACTUALLY TO PUT ON THE STAND ALL THE FORMER OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS, BUT RATHER TO QUESTION INDUSTRY AND ARMED SERVICES POLICY MAKERS ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION DEVELOPED IN THE QUESTIONNAIRES.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD, HOWEVER, THAT OFFICERS WHO WISH TO APPEAR WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO DO SO.

CZ1129PED

A120WA

MATS (150)
WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-SEN. A.S. MIKE MONRONEY (D-OKLA) SAID TODAY THAT CONGRESS IS "BEING SOLD A PHONY BILL OF GOODS" THAT THE ARMED SERVICES HAVE AN AIRLIFT ADEQUATE TO MEET A WAR EMERGENCY.

HE SAID WHAT'S NEEDED IS ONE THAT WOULD BE READY TO FLY ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD WITH MEN AND MATERIAL ON SIX HOURS NOTICE. THIS, HE SAID, THE MILITARY DOESN'T HAVE.

MONRONEY VOICED HIS VIEWS IN TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE. HE SAID CONGRESS SHOULD ORDER THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TO USE COMMERCIAL AIR LINES FOR MORE MOVEMENT OF PERSONNEL AND CARGO, AS A METHOD OF BUILDING THEIR CAPABILITY TO BACKSTOP THE MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE (MATS) IN EVENT OF EMERGENCY.

HE CONTENDED THERE HAS BEEN SOME "FUNNY BOOKKEEPING" AT THE PENTAGON TO JUSTIFY EXISTING PRACTICES BY MATS.

THE SENATOR ALSO URGED THE SUBCOMMITTEE NOT TO APPROVE MATS' REQUEST FOR APPROXIMATELY 66 MILLION DOLLARS FOR PURCHASE OF 10 LONG RANGE JET TRANSPORT PLANES. HE SAID THERE HAS BEEN "A TREMENDOUS AMOUNT OF LOBBYING" FOR THE PURCHASE, BUT CONTENDED IT WOULD ADD LITTLE TO MATS' POTENTIAL FOR IMMEDIATE AIRLIFT SERVICE.

CZ1030PED

B14WX u

(390) BY TEX EASLEY
ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-CONGRESSMEN FROM THE TEXAS COASTAL AREA CALLED ON THE GOVERNMENT TODAY FOR ADDITIONAL ASSURANCE THAT DUMPING OF ATOMIC WASTE MATERIAL INTO THE GULF OF MEXICO WILL HAVE NO HARMFUL EFFECTS.

AFTER DISCUSSING THE PROBLEM FOR TWO HOURS WITH THREE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION OFFICIALS, THEY REQUESTED THAT BOTH THE AEC AND THE U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE ISSUE STATEMENTS ELABORATING ON ALL POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF SUCH DISPOSAL.

AN AEC EXAMINER, AFTER PUBLIC HEARINGS IN HOUSTON, RECOMMENDED THAT INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL CORP., HOUSTON, BE LICENSED TO DUMP ATOMIC WASTE AT A DEPTH OF 6,000 FEET ABOUT 180 MILES SOUTH AND EAST OF GALVESTON.

30.24-7403

THE LICENSE BECOMES EFFECTIVE JUNE 20 UNLESS THE AEC COMMISSIONERS ORDER THE EXAMINER'S DECISION SUSPENDED OR REVOKED.

ALTHOUGH THE AEC OFFICIALS EXPRESSED THE VIEW THAT NO HARM COULD RESULT FROM THE DISPOSAL PROJECT, REP. JOHN YOUNG OF CORPUS CHRISTI ASKED THAT THE LICENSE BE WITHHELD AT LEAST UNTIL THERE HAS BEEN FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF THE MATTER.

REP. CLARK THOMPSON OF THE GALVESTON DISTRICT, IN WHOSE OFFICE THE MEETING WAS HELD, SUMMED UP THE VIEWS OF MOST OF THE LEGISLATORS.

"I'M NOT READY TO RECOMMEND TO MY PEOPLE THAT THEY ACCEPT THE AEC EXAMINER'S FINDING," HE SAID.

"I FEEL WE NEED TO HAVE A STATEMENT FROM THE FISH AND WILDLIFE PEOPLE REGARDING THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE ADVERSE RESULT THAT COULD COME FROM SUCH DISPOSAL."

THE AEC'S OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND SANITATION ENGINEERS WAS REPRESENTED BY JOSEPH LEIBERMANN, WHO DECLARED THAT ONLY VERY LOW-LEVEL RADIATION WASTE MATERIAL, SUCH AS BROKEN LABORATORY TEST TUBES FROM HOUSTON AREA HOSPITALS, WOULD BE DUMPED INTO THE GULF. THE MATERIAL WOULD BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE INSIDE OF STEEL OIL DRUMS.

ADMITTING THAT SEA PRESSURE AT 6,000 FEET MIGHT BURST THE CONTAINERS, LEIBERMANN SAID THERE STILL WOULD BE NO HARMFUL RESULT BECAUSE THERE WOULD BE WIDESPREAD DILUTION.

AMOUNTS OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL TO BE UNLOADED IN THE GULF, HE ADDED, WOULD BE OF SUCH LOW LEVEL THAT THE WATER RIGHT AT THE SPOT WHERE A CONTAINER MIGHT BURST WOULD EVEN BE SAFE TO DRINK WITHIN A DAY OR TWO--ASIDE FROM THE FACT THAT THE WATER WOULD BE SALTY.

FOR 10 YEARS LOW LEVEL ATOMIC WASTE MATERIAL HAS BEEN DUMPED IN DEEP AREAS OFF BOTH THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS OF THIS COUNTRY AND THE ENGLISH ARE EVEN PERMITTING LIQUID LOW-LEVEL MATERIAL TO FLOW INTO THE IRISH SEA ONLY THREE MILES OFF SHORE IN SHALLOW WATER, HE CONTINUED.

YOUNG SAID SHRIMP AND FISH OPERATORS IN THE GULF ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECT OF THE PROPOSAL. THEY ARE FEARFUL, HE SAID, THAT CUSTOMERS MIGHT QUIT BUYING THEIR PRODUCTS.

REPS. JACK BROOKS OF THE BEAUMONT AREA AND JOE KILGORE OF MACALLEN ALSO PARTICIPATED IN THE CONFERENCE.

THE AEC OFFICIALS SAID HIGH-INTENSITY RADIATION WASTE IS BEING DISPOSED OF ON LAND LOCATIONS. THEY ADDED THAT EVENTUALLY THERE MIGHT BE A USE FOR SUCH MATERIAL.

BU/LT246PED

B11WX SEG

ADVANCE FOR 530 AM EST TODAY

(220) HUMPHREY-DISARMAMENT

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES SHOULD PLEDGE SAVINGS FROM ANY ARMS REDUCTION AGREEMENT FOR ECONOMIC HELP ABROAD, SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SUGGESTED TODAY.

"IF A FIRST STEP TOWARD DISARMAMENT CAN BE ACHIEVED THIS YEAR, THROUGH THE SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS," HUMPHREY SAID, THIS CAN BE USED TO PROVE THE SINCERITY OF HIS PROPOSED OFFER.

HUMPHREY SAID THE COST OF ESTABLISHING AN INSPECTION SYSTEM TO SAFEGUARD A TEST BAN MIGHT CUT INTO THE SAVINGS.

"HOWEVER," HE SAID IN A PREPARED SENATE SPEECH, "WE CAN PROPOSE THAT THE NUCLEAR POWERS DISMANTLE THEIR UNEXPLODED TEST NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND CONTRIBUTE THE FISSIONABLE MATERIAL IN THEM TO THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY."

THAT AGENCY, HE SAID, COULD THEN SELL THIS MATERIAL TO UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES AT LOW PRICES AND THE PROCEEDS COULD BE USED FOR "TRAINING SCIENTISTS IN THOSE COUNTRIES IN NUCLEAR ENERGY."

HUMPHREY, WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS DISARMAMENT SUBCOMMITTEE, ADDED:

"WE CAN PLEDGE THAT IF THE SOVIET UNION WILL JOIN IN A REALISTIC PROGRAM OF ARMS CONTROL WHICH WILL ENABLE NATIONS TO REDUCE THEIR ARMAMENTS, WE ARE READY TO DEVOTE A LARGE PORTION OF THE RESOURCES THEREBY FREED TO THE GOOD OF THE WORLD."

"WE CAN CHALLENGE THE SOVIET LEADERS TO DO THEIR PART IN BRINGING PEACE AND PROSPERITY TO THE WHOLE WORLD."

GG322AED

A124

(380)

NIGHT LEAD DREADNOUGHT

BY COLIN FROST

BARROW IN FURNESS, ENGLAND, JUNE 12 (AP)-BRITAIN'S ATOM-POWERED SUBMARINE DREADNOUGHT, THE FIRST U.S.-BRITISH NUCLEAR PROJECT SINCE THE A-BOMB, STARTED BUILDING TODAY.

TWO THOUSAND SHIPYARD WORKERS AND AN ARRAY OF NAVY BRASS CHERRED AS PRINCE PHILIP, AN OLD NAVY HAND HIMSELF, PULLED A SWITCH. THIS SENT A WHEEL-SHAPED SECTION OF THE SUBMARINE'S HULL SLIDING INTO POSITION ON THE SLIPWAY.

INSIDE THE BRITISH DESIGNED HULL WILL GO AN AMERICAN REACTOR OF THE KIND USED IN THE SKIPJACK, THE LATEST CLASS OF U.S. NAVY NUCLEAR SUBMARINE.

THE DREADNOUGHT'S SLOW COURSE FROM DRAWING BOARD TO SHIPYARD HAS DRAWN CONSIDERABLE CRITICISM FROM BRITISH NAVAL COMMENTATORS. SO HAS THE DECISION TO EQUIP IT WITH AN AMERICAN REACTOR RATHER THAN MAKING IT AN ALL BRITISH PROJECT.

BUT BOTH PHILIP AND LORD SELKIRK, FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, WERE STAUNCH IN ITS DEFENSE.

"THE ASTONISHING ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES SUBMARINES NAUTILUS AND SKATE HAVE SHOWN THE TREMENDOUS POTENTIALITIES OF THIS KIND OF SHIP," SAID QUEEN ELIZABETH'S HUSBAND.

"AND AS A RESULT OF THE DECISION TO ACQUIRE AN AMERICAN REACTOR WE CAN GO AHEAD WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF A NUCLEAR SUBMARINE PROGRAM JUST BY BUYING ONE SET OF MACHINERY AND WITHOUT DIVERTING ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS FROM OTHER URGENT RESEARCH."

PRINCE PHILIP NOTED THAT THE DREADNOUGHT IS THE FIRST TANGIBLE OUTCOME OF THE U.S.-BRITISH AGREEMENT ON INTERDEPENDENCE IN NUCLEAR AFFAIRS WHICH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN REACHED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TWO YEARS AGO.

LORD SELKIRK, THE MINISTER IN CHARGE OF THE ROYAL NAVY, SAID SHIPS OF THE DREADNOUGHT TYPE -- HUNTER-KILLERS, THE NAVY CALLS THEM -- WILL PROBABLY HAVE A DOMINANT ROLE IN SEA POWER.

ADMIRAL R. L. DENNISON, COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S. AND MEDITERRANEAN FORCES, REPRESENTED THE U.S. GOVERNMENT AT THE CEREMONY.

JG1044PED

A78

NIGHT LEAD SHELLING (230)

BY SPENCER MOOSA

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JUNE 12 (AP)-TINY KAOTENG ISLAND IN THE MATSUS WAS HIT BY AN INTENSE RED ARTILLERY BOMBARDMENT TODAY AS A CHINESE

COMMUNIST JUNK APPEARED OFFSHORE, POSSIBLY ON RECONNAISSANCE.

THE NATIONALIST CHINESE DEFENSE MINISTRY SAID THE REDS THREW 430 SHELLS AT KAOTENG IN 45 MINUTES. THIS IS THE HEAVIEST BOMBARDMENT UNDERGONE BY THE ISLAND, ONLY SEVEN-TENTHS OF A SQUARE MILE IN AREA. IT LIES FOUR MILES OFF THE MAINLAND'S HUANGCHI PENINSULA.

THE COMMUNISTS STARTED SHOOTING IN WHAT LOOKED LIKE AN ATTEMPT TO COVER THE APPROACH OF A THREE-MASTED JUNK ABOUT 5,500 YARDS FROM KAOTENG. THE VESSEL JOINED IN THE BARRAGE. NATIONALIST GUNS FIRED BACK AND THE SHIP FLED. THE DEFENSE MINISTRY CLAIMED THE CRAFT WAS DAMAGED.

KAOTENG HAS BEEN SHELLED IN THE PAST TO COVER COMMUNIST SHIPS SUPPLYING THEIR MAINLAND SHORE GARRISON AND GUNS. THE ISLAND IS LITTLE MORE THAN AN OUTPOST FOR THE MATSU GROUP AND IS BELIEVED TO HAVE ONLY A SMALL GARRISON.

MATSU, THE MAIN ISLAND IN THE OFFSHORE GROUP, WAS SHELLED MAY 17 FOR THE FIRST TIME IN TWO YEARS. SINCE THEN THE COMMUNISTS HAVE CONTINUED THEIR EVERY-OTHER-DAY WAR AGAINST THE QUEMOY ISLANDS 150 MILES TO THE SOUTH. NO ACTION AGAINST THE QUEMOYS WAS REPORTED FRIDAY, AN EVEN-NUMBERED DAY OF TRUCE.

SPECULATION THAT THE COMMUNISTS WERE TRYING TO INVADE KAOTENG WAS DISMISSED BY NATIONALIST CHINESE HEADQUARTERS, USUALLY QUICK TO REPORT RED THREATS.

REAR ADM. LIU HOH-TU, THE DEFENSE MINISTRY SPOKESMAN, SAID HE REGARDS THE INCIDENT AS AN ISOLATED ONE. HE SAID THE NATIONALISTS DID NOT TRY TO SINK THE JUNK--"WE JUST WANTED TO DRIVE IT AWAY AND WE DID."

UM754PED

B38 Q (150)

KX

HONG KONG, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE U.S. AIRCRAFT CARRIER SHANGRI LA ARRIVED TODAY WITH 65,000 POUNDS OF FOOD AND RELIEF SUPPLIES FOR REFUGEES FROM COMMUNIST CHINA.

THE GOODWILL SHIPMENT WAS COLLECTED IN A TWO-MONTH CAMPAIGN AIDED BY CHURCH AND CIVIC GROUPS IN SAN DIEGO, EL CENTRO AND LOS ANGELES, CALIF. ABOARD THE CARRIER WERE ABOUT 5,000 POUNDS OF FOOD AND 60,000 POUNDS OF CLOTHING, BEDDING, MEDICINE AND OTHER RELIEF SUPPLIES, INCLUDING SEWING MACHINES, RADIOS AND TELEVISION SETS DONATED BY CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS.

THE SHIPMENT IS THE THIRD PROMOTED BY LT. CMDR. DONALD M. HANSON OF SAN DIEGO, OPERATIONS OFFICER OF CARRIER AIR GROUP 11. MORE SHIPMENTS ARE PLANNED.

ABOUT 1,200,000 OF HONG KONG'S PRESENT POPULATION OF 2,800,000 ARE REFUGEES. MORE THAN 300,000 SQUATTERS ARE STILL CLASSIFIED AS HOMELESS, WITHOUT ADEQUATE HOUSING.

TU728AED

B12 Q

MOSCOW, JUNE 12 (AP)-THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA TODAY PAID A FRIENDLY COMPLIMENT TO AMERICAN DOCTORS WHO TREATED A RUSSIAN SAILOR IN ALASKA TWO MONTHS AGO AND CREDITED THEM WITH SAVING HIS LIFE.

THE SEAMAN, EVGENIJ IVANOVICH GNEUSHEV, 23, WAS PARTLY PARALYZED BY A FALL ON A SOVIET FISHING VESSEL IN THE BERING SEA APRIL 4.

A U.S. COAST GUARD CUTTER PICKED HIM UP IN RESPONSE TO A SOVIET APPEAL. HE WAS FLOWN TO AN ALASKA HOSPITAL FOR TREATMENT. AFTER GNEUSHEV RECOVERED ENOUGH TO BE MOVED, HE WAS RETURNED TO THE SOVIET UNION VIA VLADIVOSTOK.

--DASH--

THIS WAS THE FIRST REPORTED MENTION OF THE INCIDENT IN THE SOVIET PRESS.

B236PED

891 107

OTTAWA, JUNE 12 (AP)—A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY CANADA WILL DECIDE NEXT MONTH ON WHETHER TO EQUIP ITS AIR DIVISIONS IN EUROPE WITH NEW PLANES. AMERICAN MODELS ARE THE ONLY ONES UNDER CONSIDERATION. THE EIGHT CANADIAN SQUADRONS IN EUROPE NOW ARE EQUIPPED WITH OBSOLETE U.S. SABREJETS. RE-EQUIPPING THEM WOULD MEAN 200 NEW PLANES AT A COST OF ABOUT 250 MILLION DOLLARS.

THE MODELS BEING CONSIDERED ARE THE GRUMMAN SUPER TIGER, THE LOCKHEED F104, THE REPUBLIC F105, THE MCDONNELL F4H AND THE NORTHROP 156F.

THE GOVERNMENT IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE PLANNING TO HAVE THE PLANES BUILT AT A.V. ROE (CANADA) LTD., AT MALTON, ONT., A DIVISION OF THE BRITISH HAWKER-SIDDELEY GROUP. ROE DISCHARGED THOUSANDS OF WORKERS IN FEBRUARY WHEN CANADA CANCELED ITS CONTRACT FOR THE ARROW JET INTERCEPTOR AND THE IROQUOIS ENGINE.

SM1029PED

A147

BERLIN, JUNE 12 (AP)—COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES TODAY RELEASED TWO FRENCH POLICEMEN ARRESTED IN EAST GERMANY LAST TUESDAY. THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS SERVICE ADN ANNOUNCED.

THE TWO FRENCHMEN WERE PICKED UP BY EAST GERMAN POLICE AFTER THEY HAD JUMPED FROM A FRENCH MILITARY TRAIN WHILE PURSUING AN ESCAPING ALGERIAN PRISONER.

G1207AED

A101

(380)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., JUNE 12 (AP)—A COMMITTEE OF SPACE EXPERTS SUGGESTED TODAY CREATION OF AN INTERNATIONAL ROCKET-LAUNCHING RANGE. THEY SAID THIS WOULD HAVE A SUBSTANTIAL IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL SPACE RESEARCH.

THE EXPERTS MADE THEIR STATEMENT IN A REPORT APPROVED UNANIMOUSLY BY A TECHNICAL SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE U.N. COMMITTEE ON PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE.

THE REPORT LISTED A WIDE FIELD OF ACTIVITIES FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN OUTER SPACE. THIS INCLUDED ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUITABLE CENTER CONNECTED WITH THE U.N. THAT COULD ACT AS A FOCAL POINT FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.

BUT THE EXPERTS SHELVED FOR NOW THE IDEA OF HAVING A NEW INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR OUTER SPACE.

THE SOVIET UNION WAS REPORTED HERE TO FAVOR SUCH AN AGENCY.

BUT THE SOVIET UNION, POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA BOYCOTTED THE MEETINGS OF THE OUTER SPACE COMMITTEE ON THE GROUNDS THAT COMMUNIST AND NEUTRAL COUNTRIES WERE NOT FAIRLY REPRESENTED. INDIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC ALSO STAYED AWAY. THEY SAID NO PROGRESS COULD BE MADE WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION.

INTERNATIONAL USE OF LAUNCHING RANGES WAS ADVANCED AS ONE MEANS OF SPURRING THE INVESTIGATION OF THE ATMOSPHERE BY ROCKETS.

THE EXPERTS CALLED ATTENTION TO SIMULTANEOUS LAUNCHINGS DURING INTERNATIONAL ROCKET WEEK IN 1958 UNDER THE INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR, AND PLANS FOR SIMILAR LAUNCHINGS IN THE FALL OF THIS YEAR BY THE COMMITTEE ON SPACE RESEARCH OF THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC UNIONS.

IN THE FUTURE, THEY SAID, CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO SETTING UP AN INTERNATIONAL ROCKET RANGE.

THE EXPERTS PREDICTED THAT METEOROLOGICAL AND COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE SYSTEMS WOULD BE IN OPERATION WITHIN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

THEY SAID SOME INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENT WILL BE NEEDED TO INSURE MAXIMUM EFFECTIVENESS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL SYSTEM IN BENEFITING COMMERCE, INDUSTRY, AND AGRICULTURE. THEY NOTED THE WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION, A U.N. AGENCY, HAS ALREADY BEGUN CONSIDERATION OF THE QUESTION.

30.24-7405

SIMILARLY, THEY ADDED, THE INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS UNION SHOULD UNDERTAKE A STUDY ON ALLOCATING RADIO FREQUENCIES AND HANDLING MESSAGES IN CONNECTION WITH COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITES. THE EXPERTS POINTED OUT THAT AVAILABILITY OF ADEQUATE COMMUNICATIONS CHANNELS FOR SPACE VEHICLES IS AN URGENT PROBLEM. INTERFERENCE BY RADIO BROADCASTS FROM SPACE VEHICLES MIGHT SERIOUSLY AFFECT RADIO SERVICES ON EARTH, AND BROADCASTS FROM EARTH MIGHT CRIPPLE CONDUCT OF SPACE PROGRAMS, THE EXPERTS SAID.

B77 (380)

SF911PED

NIGHT LEAD MIT

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., JUNE 12 (AP)—JOHN COWLES, MIDWEST NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER, SUGGESTED TODAY THE CREATION OF A LARGE CORPS OF INTERNATIONAL CIVIL SERVANTS THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS TO HELP UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES WITH THEIR INTERNAL PROBLEMS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE MINNEAPOLIS STAR AND TRIBUNE TOLD 1,172 CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES AT THE 93RD MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY COMMENCEMENT THAT HOPE FOR SURVIVAL OF A FREE WEST DEPENDS IN LARGE PART ALSO ON A SIMPLE, CHEAP AND EFFECTIVE BIRTH CONTROL; MASSIVE CONTINUANCE OF ECONOMIC AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES, CONDUCTED WITH "BOLDNESS AND IMAGINATION," AND MAINTAINING INSTANT RETALIATORY STRIKING POWER AGAINST POSSIBLE ENEMIES.

DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN JR., CHAIRMAN OF THE M.I.T. CORP., SAID AMERICA MUST SUMMON ALL ITS STRENGTH AND ADAPTABILITY IF IT IS TO MEET THE THREAT OF UNPRECEDENTED DANGERS FACED IN THE COLD WAR.

IN ONE OF HIS FIRST PUBLIC APPEARANCES SINCE RESIGNING AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, DR. KILLIAN URGED THE GRADUATES TO PARTICIPATE ACTIVELY IN DEALING WITH THE ENORMOUS PROBLEMS THAT BESET A "DIVIDED WORLD IN A NUCLEAR AGE."

COWLES SAID THAT IF WE DO NOT SLOW DOWN THE RATE OF POPULATION GROWTH THE WORLD WONT HAVE THE NATURAL RESOURCES TO MAINTAIN ITS POPULATION AT ANYTHING LIKE THE STANDS TO WHICH THE PEOPLE ASPIRE. "AND IN THE UNITED STATES," HE SAID, "AS WELL AS EVERYWHERE ELSE, WE WILL INEVITABLY HAVE TO HAVE FAR MORE GOVERNMENTAL REGIMENTATION AND CONTROL AND MUCH LESS FREEDOM OF CHOICE."

"ANYONE WHO HAS SEEN THE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE SLEEPING IN RAGS ON THE SIDEWALKS OF CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY KNOWS WHAT EXCESSIVE POPULATION MEANS."

COWLES SAID SCIENTISTS HAVE PRODUCED THE PROBLEM BY REDUCING DEATH RATES AND THAT "WE MUST TRY TO SEE TO IT THAT THE SCIENTISTS NOW HAVE BOTH THE RESOURCES AND THE MOTIVATION TO SOLVE IT."

TO COUNTER THE LIKELIHOOD THAT MOST OF ASIA, AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA WILL SLIP INTO THE COMMUNIST ORBIT, COWLES SAID, ECONOMIC AID FROM THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WESTERN POWERS SHOULD BE EARMARKED FOR THOSE AREAS.

IT WOULD COST FROM TWO BILLION DOLLARS TO FOUR BILLION DOLLARS YEARLY, HE ADDED, BUT IF IT "SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASES THE LIKELIHOOD OF OUR BEING ABLE TO SURVIVE IN FREEDOM, WILL ANYONE CONTEND IT WOULD NOT BE WELL WORTH THE COST?"

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(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10 A.M. EST, TODAY)

(ADVANCE) CAMBRIDGE, MASS., JUNE 12 (AP)—A MINNESOTA PUBLISHER SAID TODAY SCIENTISTS MUST FIND A METHOD OF INEXPENSIVE AND EFFECTIVE FERTILITY CONTROL UNLESS WE WANT TO SEE THE EXCESSIVE POPULATION CONDITIONS

OF INDIA AND EGYPT SPREAD OVER THE REST OF THE WORLD.

JOHN COWLES, PRESIDENT OF THE MINNEAPOLIS STAR AND TRIBUNE, TOLD THE 93RD COMMENCEMENT AT MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY THAT SCIENTISTS, BY REDUCING DEATH RATES, HAVE PRODUCED THE PROBLEM. AND HE ADDED:

"WE MUST TRY TO SEE TO IT THAT THE SCIENTISTS NOW HAVE BOTH THE RESOURCES AND THE MOTIVATION TO SOLVE IT. UNLESS POPULATION GROWTH IS HALTED, THE UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES WILL NOT BE ABLE UNDER DEMOCRATIC POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC METHODS TO ATTAIN THE ECONOMIC GROWTH THAT THEIR RISING EXPECTATIONS DEMAND. IN THEIR DESPERATION THEY THEN WILL, I FEAR, TRY THE COMMUNIST WAY."

COWLES SAID THAT IF WE DO NOT SLOW DOWN THE RATE OF POPULATION GROWTH THE WORLD WON'T HAVE THE NATURAL RESOURCES TO MAINTAIN ITS POPULATION AT ANYTHING LIKE THE STANDARDS OF LIVING TO WHICH THE PEOPLE ASPIRE.

"AND IN THE UNITED STATES," HE SAID, "AS WELL AS EVERYWHERE ELSE, WE WILL INEVITABLY HAVE TO HAVE FAR MORE GOVERNMENTAL REGIMENTATION AND CONTROL, AND MUCH LESS FREEDOM OF CHOICE."

"ANYONE WHO HAS SEEN THE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE SLEEPING IN RAGS ON THE SIDEWALKS OF CALCUTTA OR BOMBAY KNOWS WHAT EXCESSIVE POPULATION MEANS."

THE PUBLISHER SAID WE MAY HAVE TO LIVE FOR YEARS IN A CLIMATE OF POTENTIAL NUCLEAR TERROR BEFORE WE OF THE WEST . . . AND THE RUSSIANS AND CHINESE . . . CAN EVENTUALLY AGREE ON SOME SYSTEM OF UNIVERSAL DISARMAMENT UNDER AIR-TIGHT INSPECTION AND CONTROL.

"THIS, EXCEPT FOR THE SOLVING OF THE POPULATION PROBLEM, IS THE MOST IMPORTANT THING TO WHICH WE CAN DEVOTE OUR MINDS AND ENERGIES. WHEN WE DO ULTIMATELY REACH SUCH AN AGREEMENT WE WILL HAVE LAID THE FOUNDATION FOR THE BEGINNING OF REAL WORLD LAW."

COWLES SAID THE IMPACT OF WESTERN INDUSTRIALISM ON ASIA AND AFRICA MAY WELL OUTRANK THE ATOMIC BOMB IN IMPORTANCE WHEN HISTORIANS APPRAISE THE DEVELOPMENTS OF THE 20TH CENTURY.

"MOST OF THESE PEOPLE OF ASIA AND AFRICA HAVE COLORED SKINS," HE CONTINUED. "THEY ARE UNLIKELY FOR LONG TO ACCEPT OUR POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY OR FOLLOW OUR LEADERSHIP UNLESS WE BEGIN TREATING OUR OWN NEGROES HERE AS FELLOW AMERICANS FULLY ENTITLED TO THE SAME HERITAGE OF FREEDOM THAT WE WHITES CHERISH FOR OURSELVES."

COWLES SAID OUR BASIC NATIONAL GOAL SHOULD BE "SURVIVAL WITH FREEDOM."

ONE GRADUATING COUPLE, DR. AND MRS. JOSEPH JOHNSON, RECEIVED DOCTORS DEGREES IN CHEMISTRY. THEY BOTH WERE GRADUATED FROM IOWA STATE COLLEGE. THEY PLAN TO WORK IN PITTSBURGH.

HARRY BARNEY LEE JR., GRADUATE STUDENT AND TEACHING ASSISTANT IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, WAS AWARDED THE GOODWIN MEDAL FOR CONSPICUOUS EFFECTIVE TEACHING. HE RECEIVED A MASTER'S DEGREE.

LEE, A NATIVE OF CHICAGO, TAUGHT INTRODUCTORY AND ADVANCED THEORY. HE RECEIVED HIS BACHELOR'S DEGREE AT M.I.T. IN 1957 AND IN HIS CONTINUED STUDY MAINTAINED A STRAIGHT A RECORD.

THE MEDAL, ESTABLISHED IN 1950 IN MEMORY OF HARRY MANLEY GOODWIN, FIRST DEAN OF THE M.I.T. GRADUATE SCHOOL, IS AWARDED IN ANY YEAR IN WHICH A GRADUATE STUDENT QUALIFIES AS A SUFFICIENTLY OUTSTANDING TEACHER. IT IS ACCOMPANIED BY A \$500 AWARD.

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NIXON (360)

BY JOHN R. WARD

SAN FRANCISCO, JUNE 12 (AP)--"IS ANYTHING TO BE GAINED BY CONFERENCES WITH THE RUSSIANS?"

THAT QUESTION WAS PUT TO VICE PRESIDENT NIXON AT A COMMONWEALTH CLUB BANQUET LAST NIGHT AND HE REPLIED:

"THERE IS A GREAT DEAL OF JUSTIFICATION FOR THE QUESTION. DEVELOPMENTS IN GENEVA DON'T OFFER TOO MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT, BUT THE CONFERENCES ARE MOST USEFUL."

"AND THE MAIN POINT IS, THE ALTERNATIVE TO TALKING IS UNACCEPTABLE. THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION WOULD DRAW APART AND QUITE CONCEIVABLY COULD END UP BY FIGHTING. NEITHER THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER NATION CAN AFFORD TO RISK SETTLEMENTS BY FORCE."

"BUT THE FRIGHTENING THING IS, WAR CAN COME WHEN ALL PARTIES CONCERNED DO NOT WANT IT."

NIXON SAID, HOWEVER, THERE HAS BEEN ABSOLUTELY NO CHANGE IN THE U.S. POLICY THAT ANY SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD HAVE TO BE PRECEDED BY SIGNS OF PROGRESS AT THE CURRENT CONFERENCE OF FOREIGN MINISTERS. THE VICE PRESIDENT, HIS WIFE, PAT, AND DAUGHTERS, PATRICIA, 13, AND JULIE, 10, CAME HERE BY JET LINER FROM NEW YORK WHERE HE PARTICIPATED IN CEREMONIES MARKING THE 350TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE DISCOVERY OF THE HUDSON RIVER.

THE NIXONS FLY TODAY TO RENO AND BOARD A HELICOPTER FOR VIRGINIA CITY WHERE HE WILL SPEAK INFORMALLY AT NEVADA'S SILVER CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

NIXON SPOKE AT LENGTH EXTEMPORANEOUSLY ON A WIDE RANGE OF SUBJECTS BEFORE AN AUDIENCE OF MORE THAN 800 AT THE DINNER SPONSORED BY THE CIVIC CLUB.

HE PREDICTED THAT LABOR REFORM WILL BE A "MAJOR ISSUE IN THE 1960 PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN AND SHOULD BE." HE EXPRESSED DOUBT THAT THE CURRENT SESSION OF CONGRESS WOULD ENACT LABOR REFORM LEGISLATION.

"THE KENNEDY-IVES BILL, AS PASSED BY THE SENATE, STILL IS TOO WEAK TO DEAL WITH LABOR EXCESSES," HE ADDED. "THE LEGISLATION SHOULD MAKE ALL UNIONS FOLLOW THE GOOD PRACTICES ALREADY BEING OBSERVED BY MOST UNIONS IN THE COUNTRY."

HE HOPES HIS JULY TRIP TO MOSCOW TO OPEN THE U.S. EXHIBIT AT THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR "WILL HELP REDUCE THE LACK OF UNDERSTANDING OF OUR COUNTRY."

"IT IS IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST TO EXTEND OUR EXCHANGES OF ALL TYPES WITH THE SOVIET UNION," HE ADDED. "OVER THE LONG HAUL IT IS THE ONLY WAY TO REDUCE TENSIONS."

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